

SPORT AND RECREATION POLICY COMMITTEE

AGENDA

6 AUGUST 2024

Notice is hereby given, in accordance with the provisions of the Local Government Act 1993 that a SPORT AND RECREATION POLICY COMMITTEE MEETING of ORANGE CITY COUNCIL will be held in the COUNCIL CHAMBER, CIVIC CENTRE, BYNG STREET, ORANGE on Tuesday, 6 August 2024.

David Waddell

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

For apologies please contact Executive Support on 6393 8391.

AGENDA

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1 INTRODUCTION

1.1 DECLARATION OF PECUNIARY INTERESTS, SIGNIFICANT NON-PECUNIARY INTERESTS AND LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT NON-PECUNIARY INTERESTS

The provisions of Chapter 14 of the Local Government Act, 1993 (the Act) regulate the way in which Councillors and designated staff of Council conduct themselves to ensure that there is no conflict between their private interests and their public role.

The Act prescribes that where a member of Council (or a Committee of Council) has a direct or indirect financial (pecuniary) interest in a matter to be considered at a meeting of the Council (or Committee), that interest must be disclosed as soon as practicable after the start of the meeting and the reasons given for declaring such interest.

As members are aware, the provisions of the Local Government Act restrict any member who has declared a pecuniary interest in any matter from participating in the discussion or voting on that matter, and requires that member to vacate the Chamber.

Council's Code of Conduct provides that if members have a non-pecuniary conflict of interest, the nature of the conflict must be disclosed. The Code of Conduct also provides for a number of ways in which a member may manage non pecuniary conflicts of interest.

RECOMMENDATION

It is recommended that Committee Members now disclose any conflicts of interest in matters under consideration by the Sport and Recreation Policy Committee at this meeting.

2 COMMITTEE MINUTES

2.1 MINUTES OF THE BICYCLE COMMUNITY COMMITTEE 13 MARCH 2024

RECORD NUMBER: 2024/1239

AUTHOR: Kate Shepherd, Executive Officer

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The Bicycle Community Committee met on 13 March 2024 and the recommendations from this meeting are provided to the Sport and Recreation Policy Committee for adoption.

LINK TO DELIVERY/OPERATIONAL PLAN

The recommendation in this report relates to the Delivery/Operational Plan strategy "2.2. Provide recreational activities and programs that are inclusive and meet the needs of the community".

FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS

Nil.

POLICY AND GOVERNANCE IMPLICATIONS

Nil.

RECOMMENDATION

- 1 That Council acknowledge the reports presented to the Bicycle Committee at its meeting held on 13 March 2024.
- 2 That the minutes of the Bicycle Committee from its meeting held on 13 March 2024 be adopted.

FURTHER CONSIDERATIONS

Consideration has been given to the recommendation's impact on Council's service delivery; image and reputation; political; environmental; health and safety; employees; stakeholders and project management; and no further implications or risks have been identified.

ATTACHMENTS

- 1 BCC 13 March 2024 Minutes
- 2 BCC 13 March 2024 Agenda, D24/79270

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ORANGE CITY COUNCIL

MINUTES OF THE

BICYCLE COMMITTEE

HELD IN ONLINE MEETING PLATFORM TEAMS
ON 13 MARCH 2024
COMMENCING AT 11:00 AM

1 INTRODUCTION

ATTENDANCE

Cr S Peterson (Chair), Cr M McDonell, Cr T Greenhalgh, Ms C James, Mr H Berndt, Mr A Kirkwood, Ms S Alford, Chief Executive Officer (Waddell), Ms S Bonar, Works Manager, Executive Support Officer

1.1 Apologies and Leave of Absence

RECOMMENDATION

Mr D Waddell/Cr S Peterson

That the apologies be accepted Mr L Presslaber, Mr S Martin and Mr A Giumelli for the Bicycle Committee meeting on 13 March 2024.

1.2 Acknowledgement of Country

The Chairperson conducted an Acknowledgement of Country.

1.3 Declaration of pecuniary interests, significant non-pecuniary interests and less than significant non-pecuniary interests

Nil.

2 PREVIOUS MINUTES

RECOMMENDATION

Cr S Peterson/Mr H Berndt

That the Minutes of the Meeting of the Bicycle Committee held on 12 September 2023 (copies of which were circulated to all members) be and are hereby confirmed as a true and accurate record of the proceedings of the Bicycle Committee meeting held on 12 September 2023.

3 PRESENTATIONS

3.1 SOUTHERN FEEDER ROAD AND SOUTHERN LINK CYCLEWAY

TRIM REFERENCE: 2023/1975

Concern around lacking continuity under current construction regime — the Reserve between Sundew Circuit and Southern Feeder Rd and possibility of viable route Reserve towards rifle range - through the Woodland, nothing for pedestrians/cycle path.

NSW Active grants applications submitted, no news yet.

RECOMMENDATION

Mr D Waddell/Mr H Berndt

That Council conduct a walk-through of this area, Helmut Berndt happy to attend.

4 GENERAL REPORTS

4.1 BICYCLE COMMITTEE ACTION PLAN REVIEW

TRIM REFERENCE: 2023/1964

RECOMMENDATION

Cr S Peterson/Mr D Waddell

- 1. That Cr Peterson with assistance from the Manager Works create a Notice of Motion for Council requesting a speed limit reduction to match from Wallace Lane to Stairs Lane.
- 2. That the Chief Executive Officer and Ms S Alford follow up with Council's Brand & Digital Lead for meeting on the Bike Guide and that Mr Anthony Kirkwood to be added to the subgroup.
- 3. That Cr Peterson send the Chief Executive Officer details for the MTB club to attend a meeting with Jason Mulcenten (Regional Manager State Forests).
- 4. That the committee note the updates to the Bicycle Committee Action Plan.

4.2 TREADLIES - CYCLING WITHOUT AGE LAUNCH

TRIM REFERENCE: 2023/1970

RECOMMENDATION

Cr S Peterson/Ms T Greenhalgh

That the Bicycle Committee acknowledge the report provided from Ed Henry on behalf of Michele Englart, Secretary of Cycling Without Age Orange.

GENERAL BUSINESS

Roads Update – Wayne Gailey

- Aerodrome Road 4 weeks to commence work on it. 2.8km section Huntley road upgrade complete. Further upgrades at Southern end in next financial year.
- Off road cycleway construction projections underway one on NDR (William Maker to lights at Telopea way).
- Missing link on William maker drive from Platinum Parade to NDR just about done.
- Offroad cycle way on Platinum removed (last block on southern end towards William)

Maker Drive) was to be school at one stage however land sold on and a planning proposal approved for subdivision allowable. Needs to be reinstated and will be paid for by whoever builds there.

 Safety round of funding – TfNSW opportunity to apply for offroad cycle paths and safer crossing points on busier roads (e.g. Highway), all rolled in with road safety projects as well.

BUGS / Bike Plan – Launch of Business Case – Carolynne James

- Draft prospectus of business case shared with Committee and discussion held on process of getting to this stage.
- Reminder Goodness Gravel Event Saturday 16 March.
- Two motions going to Council next week. Cr Peterson letter of support for MTB group to spare small section of logging on Trail of Awesomeness. State Forests have been supportive to date. Cr Floyd trying to restart discussions on proposed mountain bike trails on Mt Canobolas – about further consultation and actively seeking grants.

THE MEETING CLOSED AT 12.01PM



BICYCLE COMMITTEE

AGENDA

13 MARCH 2024

Notice is hereby given, in accordance with the provisions of the Local Government Act 1993 that a **BICYCLE COMMITTEE MEETING of ORANGE CITY COUNCIL** will be held in the **ONLINE MEETING PLATFORM TEAMS on Wednesday, 13 March 2024** commencing at **11:00 AM**.

David Waddell

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

For apologies please contact Exec Support Administration Officer on 6393 8106.

AGENDA

EVACUATION PROCEDURE

In the event of an emergency, the building may be evacuated. You will be required to vacate the building. The Committee Clerk will now identify the emergency muster point.

Under no circumstances is anyone permitted to re-enter the building until the all clear has been given and the area deemed safe by authorised personnel.

In the event of an evacuation, a member of Council staff will assist any member of the public with a disability to vacate the building.

| 1 | INTRODUCTION | | | | | | |
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| | 1.2 | Acknowledgement of Country | | | | | |
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| 2 | PREVIOUS MINUTES | | | | | | |
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1 INTRODUCTION

MEMBERS

Cr S Peterson (Chair), Cr T Greenhalgh, Cr M McDonell, Ms C James, Mr H Berndt, Mr L Presslaber, Mr N Yeo, Mr S Martin, Mrs J Martin, Mr M Manwaring, Mr M Bland, Ms S Alford, Mr E Henry, Chief Executive Officer, Director Community, Recreation and Cultural Services, Works Manager

1.1 APOLOGIES AND LEAVE OF ABSENCE

1.2 ACKNOWLEDGEMENT OF COUNTRY

I would like to acknowledge the Traditional Custodians of the land on which we meet today, the people of the Wiradjuri Nation. I pay my respects to Elders past and present, and extend those respects to Aboriginal Peoples of Orange and surrounds, and Aboriginal people here with us today.

1.3 DECLARATION OF PECUNIARY INTERESTS, SIGNIFICANT NON-PECUNIARY INTERESTS AND LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT NON-PECUNIARY INTERESTS

The provisions of Chapter 14 of the Local Government Act, 1993 (the Act) regulate the way in which Councillors and designated staff of Council conduct themselves to ensure that there is no conflict between their private interests and their public role.

The Act prescribes that where a member of Council (or a Committee of Council) has a direct or indirect financial (pecuniary) interest in a matter to be considered at a meeting of the Council (or Committee), that interest must be disclosed as soon as practicable after the start of the meeting and the reasons given for declaring such interest.

As members are aware, the provisions of the Local Government Act restrict any member who has declared a pecuniary interest in any matter from participating in the discussion or voting on that matter, and requires that member to vacate the Chamber.

Council's Code of Conduct provides that if members have a non-pecuniary conflict of interest, the nature of the conflict must be disclosed. The Code of Conduct also provides for a number of ways in which a member may manage non pecuniary conflicts of interest.

RECOMMENDATION

It is recommended that Committee Members now disclose any conflicts of interest in matters under consideration by the Bicycle Committee at this meeting.

2 PREVIOUS MINUTES

RECOMMENDATION

That the Minutes of the Meeting of the Bicycle Committee held on 12 September 2023 (copies of which were circulated to all members) be and are hereby confirmed as a true and accurate records of the proceedings of the Bicycle Committee meeting held on 12 September 2023, noting the recording of the meeting held on 9 November 2023 was lost and agenda copied to 13 March 2024 for recording.

ATTACHMENTS

1 Minutes of the Meeting of the Bicycle Committee held on 12 September 2023

Page 3

ORANGE CITY COUNCIL

MINUTES OF THE

BICYCLE COMMITTEE

HELD via ONLINE MEETING PLATFORM TEAMS
ON 12 SEPTEMBER 2023
COMMENCING AT 12:00PM

1 INTRODUCTION

ATTENDANCE

Cr S Peterson (Chair), Cr T Greenhalgh, Ms C James, Mr H Berndt, Mr S Martin, Ms S Alford, Mr E Henry, Mr C Rose (Guest), Mr A Giumelli, Chief Executive Officer, Senior Creative Coordinator, Executive Support Administration Officer

1.1 Apologies and Leave of Absence

RESOLVED

Cr S Peterson/Mr S Martin

That the apologies be accepted from Mr L Presslaber, Cr Melanie McDonell and Mr M Manwaring, for the Bicycle Committee meeting on 12 September 2023.

1.2 Acknowledgement of Country

The Chairperson conducted an Acknowledgement of Country.

1.3 Declaration of pecuniary interests, significant non-pecuniary interests and less than significant non-pecuniary interests

Nil.

2 PREVIOUS MINUTES

RESOLVED

Cr S Peterson/Mr S Martin

That the Minutes of the Meeting of the Bicycle Committee held on 7 August 2023 (copies of which were circulated to all members) be and are hereby confirmed as a true and accurate record of the proceedings of the Bicycle Committee meeting held on 7 August 2023.

MINUTES OF BICYCLE COMMITTEE

12 SEPTEMBER 2023

3 PRESENTATIONS

3.1 NEWCREST CHALLENGE WRAP-UP

TRIM REFERENCE: 2023/1595

- Council CEO met with CEO Bicycle Network after ride. They were delighted with turn out and reception from region.
- 700 riders (400 did 88k /300 did 170k).
- They now have to decide if they bring it back/keep it here, Council have requested to be included in conversations.
- Some issues with some Cargo Rd wineries and road closures and one business on Summer Street debrief to be conducted and worked through.

RECOMMENDATION

Mr D Waddell/Mr H Berndt

That the CEO circulate economic impact statement from bicycle network for event and the rest of the discussion be noted by the committee.

3.2 DESTINATION NSW - BICYCLE TOURISM - SEAN HAYLEN

TRIM REFERENCE:

2023/1591

(12.58pm) Sean Haylen General Manager Destination Central West NSW led a discussion on tourism options.

RECOMMENDATION

Cr S Peterson/Mr D Waddell

That the committee acknowledge the verbal report from Sean Haylen.

4 GENERAL REPORTS

4.1 BICYCLE COMMITTEE ACTION PLAN REVIEW

TRIM REFERENCE: 2023/1592

- Discussion held over vitalness for connectivity of Southern Feeder Road and eastern side of Sharp Road towards Rifle Range road. Previous plans discussed.
- Carolynne James introduced Chris Rose from TRC Tourism Group who is working on the business case with BUG on wineries trail. Discussion held on where project is initiating and the design outcomes.
- Senior Creative Coordinator discussed ride guide update. Bicycle user group leaders to meet with Ned (O369) and Ben (Ride Orange) as well as Cabonne and Blayney reps to review current content on channels. O360 desire to print up to date guide, but will not be possible till online platforms completed first (QR codes to link back).

RECOMMENDATION

Cr S Peterson/Mr D Waddell

That the committee review and update the Bicycle Committee Action Plan. Council Works Manager to provide an update on the connectivity of the Southern Feeder Road as discussed.

GENERAL BUSINESS

MINUTES OF BICYCLE COMMITTEE

12 SEPTEMBER 2023

Anson St — school times make it potentially dangerous for riders. H Berndt shared photo of Thornleigh and cycling lines discussing how effective it would be, also that he has previously asked about a centre line along length of road. Road reserve is 19 to 20m — may render it too narrow for the parking, cycle lane and road width.

It was noted in business paper for next weeks' Council meeting Cr Mileto is tabling a motion for an idea of pump track. S Alford advised there is in master plan for Glenroi oval, Cr Peterson to advise this at meeting.

Mountain Bike events coming up:

- Sunday 17 September: Women's shuttle day at the trail of awesomeness 60 signed up.
- Sunday 24 September: Interclub coming to Orange for cross country interclub 3 hour over 100 entrants (across 6 clubs).
- Upcoming Gravity Enduro Event in November 200 to 300 entrants.

It was noted the Mountain Bike committee still asking for volunteers to fill committee roles short on and their team is very stretched.

C James shared link with committee (see below) for Regional Precincts and Partnerships Program wondering if Council will apply noting BUG will likely be. CEO advised that Council is tagging a business case for Bloomfield precinct under this, C James to share some information compiled previously on discussions around this area.

 $\frac{https://www.infrastructure.gov.au/territories-regions-cities/regional-australia/regional-and-community-programs/regional-precincts-and-partnerships-program#:~:text=Unlike%20traditional%20grant%20programs%2C%20the,precinct%20connects%20to%20the%20region.$

THE MEETING CLOSED AT 1.20PM

3 PRESENTATIONS

3.1 SOUTHERN FEEDER ROAD AND SOUTHERN LINK CYCLEWAY

Following discussions regarding the Southern Feeder road and Southern Link Cycleway at the 12 September 2023 meeting, the attached email was shared with the committee.

It is tabled now for committee discussion.

ATTACHMENTS

Email from H Berndt (Treadlies) Re: Bicycle Committee Southern Feeder Road and Southern Link Cycleway, D23/87016

Attachment 1 Email from H Berndt (Treadlies) Re: Bicycle Committee Southern Feeder Road and Southern Link Cycleway

Kate Shepherd

Subject: FW: HPE CM: Re: Bicycle committee Southern Feeder Road and Southern Link

Cycleway

From: Helmut Berndt

Sent: Friday, September 15, 2023 10:32 AM

To: David Waddell

Cc:

Subject: HPE CM: Re: Bicycle committee Southern Feeder Road and Southern Link Cycleway

Hi Committee Members,

As discussed at our meeting on Tuesday, I was concerned about the provision of continuity of the proposed shared path planned along the northern side of the Southern Feeder Road. The 2014 Cycleway plan shows the path continuing back up the hill towards Anson Street, whereas the SFR plans don't include an adjacent path back to Anson St and thus any continuity to the sports fields at Jack Brabham Park on Forest Road. The path behind James Sheahan HS will be extended to the Southern Feeder and a new underpass (Culvert). We're hoping that OCC will be able to design and construct a suitable shared path between the Southern Feeder Road and through the reserve at the rear of the homes in Sundew Circuit, to provide this vital link for the growing south-west developments in the Shiralee area as well as the many people who regularly use the current Southern Link Cycleway. See Maps and plans attached below.

Regards,

Helmut Berndt (Orange Treadlies)

BICYCLE COMMITTEE 13 MARCH 2024

Attachment 1 Email from H Berndt (Treadlies) Re: Bicycle Committee Southern Feeder Road and Southern Link Cycleway



Attachment 1 Email from H Berndt (Treadlies) Re: Bicycle Committee Southern Feeder Road and Southern Link Cycleway



4 GENERAL REPORTS

4.1 BICYCLE COMMITTEE ACTION PLAN REVIEW

RECORD NUMBER: 2023/1964

AUTHOR: Kate Shepherd, Executive Support Administration Officer

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The committee continuously add, review and update the action plan to stay informed of progress against the tasks of the Committee. The Action Plan is presented for the information of the committee.

LINK TO DELIVERY/OPERATIONAL PLAN

The recommendation in this report relates to the Delivery/Operational Plan strategy "2.2. Provide recreational activities and programs that are inclusive and meet the needs of the community".

FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS

Nil.

POLICY AND GOVERNANCE IMPLICATIONS

Nil.

RECOMMENDATION

That the committee review and update the Bicycle Committee Action Plan.

FURTHER CONSIDERATIONS

Consideration has been given to the recommendation's impact on Council's service delivery; image and reputation; political; environmental; health and safety; employees; stakeholders and project management; and no further implications or risks have been identified.

ATTACHMENTS

Bicycle Committee Action Plan for Meeting 9 November 2023, D23/87052

Attachment 1 Bicycle Committee Action Plan for Meeting 9 November 2023

D21/65641

BICYCLE COMMITTEE ACTION PLAN

| Meeting Date | Action | Scope | Tasks | Who | Comments/Progress/ Outcomes | Date Updated |
|---------------------|---|---|---|---------|--|-----------------|
| 26 October 2021 | East Pinnacle Grant | Project is grant ready | Continue to chase grants | осс | Aug: Grant Unsuccessful Continue dialogue with Cabonne. Sept: OCC staff are master planning Scout camp area – to review involvement of committee in exercise. | |
| 5 May 2022 | Bike Route/ Acquisition of Council owned land in Spring Hill/Lucknow area. | Scope of tenure for route/acquisition of land or easements on Council land. | Location drive Discussions with Peter Rodgers | осс | Ongoing. Sept: C James to reach out to Peter about what land we're looking at. | |
| 24 November 2022 | OCC to resubmit Active Travel Plan to NSW Grants | Resubmit to get more \$ | Submit for Grants | Maunder | Projects within plan keep being submitted for grants with ongoing projects awarded Aging and access committee also using Active Travel Plan Change of government not good with grants OAGS pathway – waiting on TfNSW response on bridge. SFR from Sundew grant won NDR Pathway from Woollies lights to Bot Gardens | |

Attachment 1 Bicycle Committee Action Plan for Meeting 9 November 2023

| Meeting Date | Action | Scope | Tasks | Who | Comments/Progress/ Outcomes | Date Updated |
|---------------------|---|--|---|---|---|-----------------|
| 24 November 2022 | Approach relevant body to look at extending 60km speed limit to match from Wallace Lane to Stairs Lane. Clarification – this is referring to the bends below Snowline | Not a OCC Traffic committee 'thing' – Transport for NSW. | Transport for NSW have been asked to consider | Gailey | Awaiting decision from TfNSW. | |
| 24 November 2022 | Add signage to indicate way back to Southern Link Cycleway near International gardens trail | Signage | Add signage | Alford Gailey | Alford to progress with OCC staff | August 2023 |
| 24 November 2022 | Update Bike Guide | Update guide and mapping | Form subgroup | Waddell Townsend Alford Giumelli Ned Sweetapple C James/ BUG Helmut | June: Meeting held with O360, Natasha Townsend of OCC briefed, Subgroup met late June 2023, Bike forum offered some info on mapping. August: Established need for more than printed guide and centralised approach required. CEO advised costings required to progress and discuss responsibility/ownership. Sept - Working with O360, Ride Orange on updating content. | August 2023 |

Attachment 1 Bicycle Committee Action Plan for Meeting 9 November 2023

| Meeting Date | Action | Scope | Tasks | Who | Comments/Progress/ Outcomes | Date Updated |
|----------------------|---|---|---|------------------------|--|-----------------|
| 7 August 2023 | Respond to Minister Donato | Correspondence re: bike trail next to trainline | Letter of response advising whilst good idea, not possible in the narrow corridor | CEO | | |
| 7 August 2023 | Contact State Forests | Kinross Forest possible trails | Possibility of trails in area now its cleared | Committee | | |
| 7 August 2023 | Review options to communicate safe riding message | Communications, raising the issue with appropriate channels | Review options for getting message out to community Raise issue at CSCPCC meeting | Road Safety Officer | | |
| 7 August 2023 | Review Road Safety Concern over safety issues at Ophir Rd and Ophir/March intersection. | Review areas | Drive past areas noted: - Ophir Rd shoulder - Ophir Rd/March St vegetation to road | осс | Committee reminded to also use Snap, Send, Solve app to report issues. | |
| 12 September 2023 | Committee would benefit from the Bicycle Network Newcrest Economic Impact statement | Email | Circulate to Committee | CEO | | |
| 12 September 2023 | Committee to be informed of Connectivity of SFR / Eastern Sharp Rd pathways | Provide information | Report to committee | Works Manager | | |

4.2 TREADLIES - CYCLING WITHOUT AGE LAUNCH

RECORD NUMBER: 2023/1970

AUTHOR: Kate Shepherd, Executive Support Administration Officer

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Cycling Without Age is an international charity, started in Copenhagen in 2012 with a simple act of kindness - one generous younger man taking an older man for a ride on a trishaw giving him the joy of feeling the wind in his hair. The Orange Treadlies group have created a 'Cycling Without Age' service for Aged Care residents participating from Wontama, Gosling Creek and Ascot House. Fundraising has been in the works since 2022. There was a soft launch run 30 October 2023 (see attached email and photos), with the official launch planned for 8 November 2023.

LINK TO DELIVERY/OPERATIONAL PLAN

The recommendation in this report relates to the Delivery/Operational Plan strategy "5.1. Provide services to people at all stages of life".

RECOMMENDATION

That the Bicycle Committee acknowledge the report provided from Ed Henry on behalf of Michele Englart, Secretary of Cycling Without Age Orange.

SUPPORTING INFORMATION

From Michele Englart, Secretary Cycling Without Age Orange:

Our purpose, similar across the world, is to give the joy of cycling to those no longer able to ride themselves - older citizens, those with limited mobility or people living with a disability.

Fundamental to our activities is the opportunity for our passengers to feel and be seen to be included within their communities. To do this, we have raised significant funds to purchase our pedal-powered, electric-assisted European-designed trishaw, in which we will take two passengers at a time for about 20 minutes on cycleways in Orange, for free!

Our volunteers currently all come from the Orange Treadlies, a social group with a shared interest in cycling.

They are being trained in how to pilot the trishaw, drive the loaded trailer and run an event for our passengers, with a focus on safety for all. The routes we choose are risk-assessed and our pilots must show competency on each route.

As our trishaw is just over one metre wide and designed for even surfaces, having access to wide, smooth, sealed or well-compacted gravel shared paths is essential for our service.

We will use Cook Park, Gosling Creek Reserve and the Botanic Gardens. These will be continually re-assessed for hazards posed by surface deterioration, potentially caused by water damage or tree roots, which we would bring to the attention of Orange City Council (Parks and Gardens). We cannot use unsafe or damaged paths as we must ensure the safety of our passengers and pilots.

4.2 Treadlies - Cycling Without Age Launch

As the system of shared paths expands throughout Orange, it is imperative that the needs of all potential users are considered in the design. Bollards are a particular obstacle to the use of or access to some paths, which means that our passengers (citizens of our fair city) cannot enjoy these areas. The other main design issue is the very common occurrence of a significant drop-off from the edge of concrete or bitumen paths to the surrounding grassy verge. This presents a danger not only to our trishaw, which could tip over in this situation, but also to other cycle users and to pedestrians.

Thank you, Michele

ATTACHMENTS

1 Cycling Without Age Soft Launch Email and photos, D23/86980

Attachment 1 Cycling Without Age Soft Launch Email and photos

From: Ed Henry

Sent: Monday, 6 November 2023 7:13 AM

To: Kate Shepherd

Subject:FW: CWAO - Soft Launch was a Blast!Attachments:4.jpg; 7.jpg; 8.jpg; 9.jpg; 11.jpg

From: Michele Englart

Sent: Monday, October 30, 2023 6:20 PM

To:

Subject: CWAO - Soft Launch was a Blast!

Hello to all of our generous volunteers,

If today is anything to go by, we are definitely on a winner.

David A kept his 6 charges safe and entertained over 4 separate rides through Cook Park. A second pilot to share that load (mental more than physical) was the feedback.

Wontama has a long list of passengers all eagerly waiting their turn on another outing, and those that rode were impressed by today - smiles all round.

Our very first passenger, Margaret, commented that although she only lives across the road from Cook Park, she had not been there for years - this is why we are doing this - to keep people connected to their community by being within it, not separated.

Well done everyone, and we look forward to becoming seamless in our transitions from one pair of passengers to the next as we all get a handle on the process. There will be quite a few opportunities to put your skills and enthusiasm to the test over the next few weeks - watch this space!

Reminder: Official Launch 10.00am Wednesday 8 November, near Begonia Conservatory, Cook Park - wear your Treadlies shirt

David F took these photos which tell the story. Enjoy.

Kind regards Michele Englart Secretary Cycling Without Age Orange

1

Attachment 1 Cycling Without Age Soft Launch Email and photos











2.2 MINUTES OF THE BICYCLE COMMUNITY COMMITTEE 4 JULY 2024

RECORD NUMBER: 2024/1240

AUTHOR: Kate Shepherd, Executive Officer

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The Bicycle Community Committee met on 4 July 2024 and the recommendations from this meeting are provided to the Sport and Recreation Policy Committee for adoption.

LINK TO DELIVERY/OPERATIONAL PLAN

The recommendation in this report relates to the Delivery/Operational Plan strategy "2.2. Provide recreational activities and programs that are inclusive and meet the needs of the community".

FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS

Nil.

POLICY AND GOVERNANCE IMPLICATIONS

Nil.

RECOMMENDATION

- 1 That Council acknowledge the reports presented to the Bicycle Committee at its meeting held on 4 July 2024.
- 2 That the minutes of the Bicycle Committee from its meeting held on 4 July 2024 be adopted.

FURTHER CONSIDERATIONS

Consideration has been given to the recommendation's impact on Council's service delivery; image and reputation; political; environmental; health and safety; employees; stakeholders and project management; and no further implications or risks have been identified.

ATTACHMENTS

- 1 BCC 4 July 2024 Minutes
- 2 BCC 4 July 2024 Agenda, D24/79264

ORANGE CITY COUNCIL

MINUTES OF THE

BICYCLE COMMITTEE

HELD IN ONLINE MEETING PLATFORM TEAMS ON 4 JULY 2024

COMMENCING AT 12:30 PM

1 INTRODUCTION

ATTENDANCE

Cr S Peterson (Chair), Ms C James, Mr H Berndt, Ms S Alford, Mr A Kirkwood, Executive Assistant Community, Recreation and Cultural Services, Works Manager, Executive Support Officer

1.1 Apologies and Leave of Absence

RESOLVED

Cr S Peterson/Mr W Gailey

That the apologies be accepted from Cr McDonell, Cr Greenhalgh, Chief Executive Officer and S Bonar for the Bicycle Committee meeting on 4 July 2024.

1.2 Acknowledgement of Country

The Chairperson conducted an Acknowledgement of Country.

1.3 Declaration of pecuniary interests, significant non-pecuniary interests and less than significant non-pecuniary interests

Nil.

2 PREVIOUS MINUTES

RESOLVED

Cr S Peterson/Ms S Alford

That the Minutes of the Meeting of the Bicycle Committee held on 13 March 2024 (copies of which were circulated to all members) be and are hereby confirmed as a true and accurate record of the proceedings of the Bicycle Committee meeting held on 13 March 2024.

3 GENERAL REPORTS

3.1 BICYCLE COMMITTEE ACTION PLAN REVIEW

TRIM REFERENCE: 2024/1104

The Committee discussed the action plan and updated relevant actions the following actions were removed Committee agreement:

- Bike route Cr Peterson discussed with Peter Rogers, trail to Spring Hill area unable to pursue.
- Review Road Safety Concern over safety issues at Ophir Road and Ophir/March intersection shoulder on Ophir Road from roundabout has been maintained.
- Newcrest Challenge Economic Impact Challenge not proceeding in 2024 under Newmont.

RECOMMENDATION

That the Committee review and update the Bicycle Committee Action Plan.

GENERAL BUSINESS Wine Trail Update – C James

- Discussed looking into preliminary funding for masterplan of wine trails.
- Cr Peterson and Manager Economic Development looking at Disability accommodation and making it accessible on wine trail.
- Carolynne James meeting with Cabonne Council 9 July 2024.

The Chairperson thanked the Bicycle Committee members for their time during this Council term.

THE MEETING CLOSED AT 1.22PM



BICYCLE COMMITTEE

AGENDA

4 JULY 2024

Notice is hereby given, in accordance with the provisions of the Local Government Act 1993 that a **BICYCLE COMMITTEE MEETING of ORANGE CITY COUNCIL** will be held in the **ONLINE MEETING PLATFORM TEAMS on Thursday, 4 July 2024** commencing at **12:30 PM**.

David Waddell

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

For apologies please contact Exec Support Administration Officer on 6393 8391.

BICYCLE COMMITTEE 4 JULY 2024

AGENDA

EVACUATION PROCEDURE

In the event of an emergency, the building may be evacuated. You will be required to vacate the building. The Committee Clerk will now identify the emergency muster point.

Under no circumstances is anyone permitted to re-enter the building until the all clear has been given and the area deemed safe by authorised personnel.

In the event of an evacuation, a member of Council staff will assist any member of the public with a disability to vacate the building.

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BICYCLE COMMITTEE 4 JULY 2024

1 INTRODUCTION

MEMBERS

Cr S Peterson (Chair), Cr T Greenhalgh, Cr M McDonell, Ms C James, Mr H Berndt, Mr L Presslaber, Mr N Yeo, Mr S Martin, Mrs J Martin, Mr M Manwaring, Mr M Bland, Ms S Alford, Mr E Henry, Chief Executive Officer, Director Community, Recreation and Cultural Services, Works Manager

1.1 APOLOGIES AND LEAVE OF ABSENCE

1.2 ACKNOWLEDGEMENT OF COUNTRY

I would like to acknowledge the Traditional Custodians of the land on which we meet today, the people of the Wiradjuri Nation. I pay my respects to Elders past and present, and extend those respects to Aboriginal Peoples of Orange and surrounds, and Aboriginal people here with us today.

1.3 DECLARATION OF PECUNIARY INTERESTS, SIGNIFICANT NON-PECUNIARY INTERESTS AND LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT NON-PECUNIARY INTERESTS

The provisions of Chapter 14 of the Local Government Act, 1993 (the Act) regulate the way in which Councillors and designated staff of Council conduct themselves to ensure that there is no conflict between their private interests and their public role.

The Act prescribes that where a member of Council (or a Committee of Council) has a direct or indirect financial (pecuniary) interest in a matter to be considered at a meeting of the Council (or Committee), that interest must be disclosed as soon as practicable after the start of the meeting and the reasons given for declaring such interest.

As members are aware, the provisions of the Local Government Act restrict any member who has declared a pecuniary interest in any matter from participating in the discussion or voting on that matter, and requires that member to vacate the Chamber.

Council's Code of Conduct provides that if members have a non-pecuniary conflict of interest, the nature of the conflict must be disclosed. The Code of Conduct also provides for a number of ways in which a member may manage non pecuniary conflicts of interest.

RECOMMENDATION

It is recommended that Committee Members now disclose any conflicts of interest in matters under consideration by the Bicycle Committee at this meeting.

2 PREVIOUS MINUTES

RECOMMENDATION

That the Minutes of the Meeting of the Bicycle Committee held on 13 March 2024 (copies of which were circulated to all members) be and are hereby confirmed as a true and accurate records of the proceedings of the Bicycle Committee meeting held on 13 March 2024.

ATTACHMENTS

1 Minutes of the Meeting of the Bicycle Committee held on 13 March 2024

Page 3

ORANGE CITY COUNCIL

MINUTES OF THE

BICYCLE COMMITTEE

HELD IN ONLINE MEETING PLATFORM TEAMS
ON 13 MARCH 2024
COMMENCING AT 11:00 AM

1 INTRODUCTION

ATTENDANCE

Cr S Peterson (Chair), Cr M McDonell, Cr T Greenhalgh, Ms C James, Mr H Berndt, Mr A Kirkwood, Ms S Alford, Chief Executive Officer (Waddell), Ms S Bonar, Works Manager, Executive Support Officer

1.1 Apologies and Leave of Absence

RECOMMENDATION

Mr D Waddell/Cr S Peterson

That the apologies be accepted Mr L Presslaber, Mr S Martin and Mr A Giumelli for the Bicycle Committee meeting on 13 March 2024.

1.2 Acknowledgement of Country

The Chairperson conducted an Acknowledgement of Country.

1.3 Declaration of pecuniary interests, significant non-pecuniary interests and less than significant non-pecuniary interests

Nil.

2 PREVIOUS MINUTES

RECOMMENDATION

Cr S Peterson/Mr H Berndt

That the Minutes of the Meeting of the Bicycle Committee held on 12 September 2023 (copies of which were circulated to all members) be and are hereby confirmed as a true and accurate record of the proceedings of the Bicycle Committee meeting held on 12 September 2023.

MINUTES OF BICYCLE COMMITTEE

13 MARCH 2024

3 PRESENTATIONS

3.1 SOUTHERN FEEDER ROAD AND SOUTHERN LINK CYCLEWAY

TRIM REFERENCE: 2023/1975

Concern around lacking continuity under current construction regime — the Reserve between Sundew Circuit and Southern Feeder Rd and possibility of viable route Reserve towards rifle range - through the Woodland, nothing for pedestrians/cycle path.

NSW Active grants applications submitted, no news yet.

RECOMMENDATION

Mr D Waddell/Mr H Berndt

That Council conduct a walk-through of this area, Helmut Berndt happy to attend.

4 GENERAL REPORTS

4.1 BICYCLE COMMITTEE ACTION PLAN REVIEW

TRIM REFERENCE: 2023/1964

RECOMMENDATION

Cr S Peterson/Mr D Waddell

- 1. That Cr Peterson with assistance from the Manager Works create a Notice of Motion for Council requesting a speed limit reduction to match from Wallace Lane to Stairs Lane.
- 2. That the Chief Executive Officer and Ms S Alford follow up with Council's Brand & Digital Lead for meeting on the Bike Guide and that Mr Anthony Kirkwood to be added to the subgroup.
- 3. That Cr Peterson send the Chief Executive Officer details for the MTB club to attend a meeting with Jason Mulcenten (Regional Manager State Forests).
- 4. That the committee note the updates to the Bicycle Committee Action Plan.

4.2 TREADLIES - CYCLING WITHOUT AGE LAUNCH

TRIM REFERENCE: 2023/1970

RECOMMENDATION

Cr S Peterson/Ms T Greenhalgh

That the Bicycle Committee acknowledge the report provided from Ed Henry on behalf of Michele Englart, Secretary of Cycling Without Age Orange.

GENERAL BUSINESS

Roads Update - Wayne Gailey

- Aerodrome Road 4 weeks to commence work on it. 2.8km section Huntley Road upgrade complete. Further upgrades at Southern end in next financial year.
- Off road cycleway construction projections underway one on NDR (William Maker to lights at Telopea way).
- Missing link on William maker drive from Platinum Parade to NDR just about done.
- · Offroad cycle way on Platinum removed (last block on southern end towards William

Page 5

MINUTES OF BICYCLE COMMITTEE

13 MARCH 2024

Maker Drive) was to be school at one stage however land sold on and a planning proposal approved for subdivision allowable. Needs to be reinstated and will be paid for by whoever builds there.

• Safety round of funding — TfNSW opportunity to apply for offroad cycle paths and safer crossing points on busier roads (e.g. Highway), all rolled in with road safety projects as well.

BUGS / Bike Plan – Launch of Business Case – Carolynne James

- Draft prospectus of business case shared with Committee and discussion held on process of getting to this stage.
- Reminder Goodness Gravel Event Saturday 16 March.
- Two motions going to Council next week. Cr Peterson letter of support for MTB group to spare small section of logging on Trail of Awesomeness. State Forests have been supportive to date. Cr Floyd trying to restart discussions on proposed mountain bike trails on Mt Canobolas about further consultation and actively seeking grants.

THE MEETING CLOSED AT 12.01PM

BICYCLE COMMITTEE 4 JULY 2024

3 GENERAL REPORTS

3.1 BICYCLE COMMITTEE ACTION PLAN REVIEW

RECORD NUMBER: 2024/1104

AUTHOR: Jessica Jackson, Executive Support Officer

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The committee continuously add, review and update the action plan to stay informed of progress against the tasks of the Committee. The Action Plan is presented for the information of the committee.

LINK TO DELIVERY/OPERATIONAL PLAN

The recommendation in this report relates to the Delivery/Operational Plan strategy "2.2. Provide recreational activities and programs that are inclusive and meet the needs of the community".

FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS

Nil.

POLICY AND GOVERNANCE IMPLICATIONS

Nil.

RECOMMENDATION

That the committee review and update the Bicycle Committee Action Plan.

FURTHER CONSIDERATIONS

Consideration has been given to the recommendation's impact on Council's service delivery; image and reputation; political; environmental; health and safety; employees; stakeholders and project management; and no further implications or risks have been identified.

ATTACHMENTS

Bicycle Community Committee - Action Plan - July 2024, D24/68194

Attachment 1 Bicycle Community Committee - Action Plan - July 2024

D21/65641

BICYCLE COMMITTEE ACTION PLAN

| Meeting Date | Action | Scope | Tasks | Who | Comments/Progress/ Outcomes | Date Updated |
|--------------------|---|---|---|-----|--|-----------------|
| 26 October 2021 | East Pinnacle Grant | Project is grant ready | Continue to chase grants | осс | Aug: Grant Unsuccessful Continue dialogue with Cabonne. | |
| | | | | | Sept: OCC staff are master planning Scout camp area – to review involvement of committee in exercise. | |
| | | | | | March: Towac Valley on our radar as tourism place, always looking at. Cabonne currently do not have appetite for with ongoing flood repairs (for example). | |
| 5 May 2022 | Bike Route/ Acquisition of Council owned land in Spring Hill/Lucknow area. | Scope of tenure for route/acquisition of land or easements on Council land. | Location drive Discussions with Peter Rodgers | OCC | Ongoing. Sept: C James to reach out to Peter about what land we're looking at. | |
| | | | | | March: Cr Peterson following up with Peter if anything else and will share with committee. OCC has applied for funding to complete upgrade to Southern end of Beasley road as well. | |

| Meeting Date | Action | Scope | Tasks | Who | Comments/Progress/ Outcomes | Date Updated |
|---------------------|--|--|---|---------|--|-----------------|
| 24 November 2022 | OCC to resubmit Active Travel Plan to NSW Grants | Resubmit to get more \$ | Submit for Grants | Maunder | Projects within plan keep being submitted for grants with ongoing projects awarded | |
| | | | | | Aging and access committee also using Active Travel Plan | |
| | | | | | Change of government not good with grants | |
| | | | | | OAGS pathway – waiting on TfNSW response on bridge. | |
| | | | | | SFR from Sundew grant won | |
| | | | | | NDR Pathway from Woollies lights to Bot Gardens | |
| | | | | | March: Business Case can from BUGS can be used with any grant applications. | |
| 24 November 2022 | Approach relevant body to look at extending 60km speed limit to match from Wallace Lane to Stairs Lane. | Not a OCC Traffic committee 'thing' – Transport for NSW. | Transport for NSW have been asked to consider | Gailey | Awaiting decision from TfNSW. March: for TfNSW to proceed we need recommendation from Council and then will go through formal process. Cr Peterson will action with assistance from Wayne Gailey. | |
| | referring to the bends below Snowline | | | | wayne duney. | |

| Meeting Date | Action | Scope | Tasks | Who | Comments/Progress/ Outcomes | Date Updated |
|---------------------|---|--------------------------|---------------|---|--|-----------------|
| 24 November 2022 | Add signage to indicate way back to Southern Link Cycleway near International gardens trail | Signage | Add signage | Alford Gailey | Alford to progress with OCC staff March: signage reviewed. Maintenance issue of vandalism exists on current signs. Need to do audit on published cycle routes signage when ride guide completed as there is some missing. | August 2023 |
| 24 November 2022 | Update Bike Guide | Update guide and mapping | Form subgroup | Waddell Townsend Alford Giumelli Ned Sweetapple C James/ BUG Helmut | June: Meeting held with O360, Natasha Townsend of OCC briefed, Subgroup met late June 2023, Bike forum offered some info on mapping. August: Established need for more than printed guide and centralised approach required. CEO advised costings required to progress and discuss responsibility/ownership. Sept - Working with O360, Ride Orange on updating content. March: CEO/S Alford to follow up with Natasha for meeting. Push/focus on digital side over print version. | August 2023 |

| Meeting Date | Action | Scope | Tasks | Who | Comments/Progress/ Outcomes | Date Updated |
|----------------------|---|---|--|------------------------|---|-----------------|
| 7 August 2023 | Respond to Minister Donato | Correspondence re: bike trail next to trainline | Letter of response advising whilst good idea, not possible in the narrow corridor | CEO | Completed. | |
| 7 August 2023 | Contact State Forests | Kinross Forest possible trails | Possibility of trails in area now its cleared | Committee | March – CEO meeting with Jason Mulcenten. Regional Manager State Forests. | |
| 7 August 2023 | Review options to communicate safe riding message | Communications, raising the issue with appropriate channels | Review options for getting message out to community Raise issue at CSCPCC meeting | Road Safety Officer | | |
| 7 August 2023 | Review Road Safety Concern over safety issues at Ophir Rd and Ophir/March intersection. | Review areas | Drive past areas noted: - Ophir Rd shoulder - Ophir Rd/March St vegetation to road | осс | Committee reminded to also use Snap, Send, Solve app to report issues. March: next year works program – plan upgrade intersection Winter St/Ophir Rd where Winter St not formed. Wayne Gailey noted the issue of vegetation in same area. | |
| 12 September 2023 | Committee would benefit from the Bicycle Network Newcrest Economic Impact statement | Email | Circulate to Committee | CEO | March: CEO will follow up with O360 if they are going to continue with challenge, with change to Newmont and funding ended we await decision. | |

| Meeting Date | Action | Scope | Tasks | Who | Comments/Progress/ Outcomes | Date Updated |
|----------------------|---|-------------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|---|-----------------|
| 12 September 2023 | Committee to be informed of Connectivity of SFR / Eastern Sharp Rd pathways | Provide information | Report to committee | Works Manager | March – applied for funding to complete section. Walk through to be arranged with committee reps and OCC staff. | |
| 13 March 2024 | Walk through of SFR/Sundew area | Reviewing connectivity possibility. | Site meeting | Committee Reps & OCC Staff | | |

3 GENERAL REPORTS

3.1 ORANGE PLAY STRATEGY - POST EXHIBITION

RECORD NUMBER: 2024/948

AUTHOR: Ben Keegan, Sport and Recreation Coordinator

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The purpose of this report is to present the results of the public exhibition period of the draft Orange Play Strategy and to seek Council formal adoption of the Play Strategy.

The Strategy was placed on public exhibition from 5 June 2024 to 5 July 2024 during which no formal submissions were received.

LINK TO DELIVERY/OPERATIONAL PLAN

The recommendation in this report relates to the Delivery/Operational Plan strategy "2.1. Deliver sport and recreation facilities to service the community into the future".

FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS

There are no implications directly associated with the adoption of this report, however the works programme contained within the Play Strategy will be considered in future budgets.

POLICY AND GOVERNANCE IMPLICATIONS

Nil

RECOMMENDATION

That the Orange Play Strategy be adopted.

FURTHER CONSIDERATIONS

Consideration has been given to the recommendation's impact on Council's service delivery; image and reputation; political; environmental; health and safety; employees; stakeholders and project management; and no further implications or risks have been identified.

SUPPORTING INFORMATION

As previously reported, Council has developed the Orange Play Strategy to plan the direction of play provision in Orange to 2040, with the aim of best practice in play provision. The strategy references the best practice research and guidelines to enhance play facilities for the children of the City.

The research for this Strategy has found that Orange is well catered for, with a diversity of play hierarchies well distributed around the urban area of the City, however additional playspaces should be provided, particularly as population grows.

The Strategy analyses existing playspace provision and requirements for future provision. Targets are set along with timeframes for delivery and all playspaces are costed to

3.1 Orange Play Strategy - Post Exhibition

standardised hierarchy models. A detailed mapping exercise has resulted in a matrix for delivery over the next 15 years.

At the Sport and Recreation Policy Committee meeting of 4 June 2024, Council considered a report in relation to the draft Orange Play Strategy and resolved (24/205):

That the draft Orange Play Strategy be placed on public exhibition for 28 days with feedback sought from the community.

The draft Strategy was placed on public exhibition from 5 June 2024 to 5 July 2024 with Community engagement and awareness undertaken via the Your Say Orange webpage and regular posts on Council social media platforms.

At the conclusion of the exhibition period, there were no formal submissions received by Council; however, 154 surveys were completed on the Your Say Orange webpage. Of the completed surveys, 96.7% of respondents agreed with the Strategy recommendation that Council continue to increase the number of playspaces throughout the City to support the physical and social development of children and the growing population.

Common themes raised in the completed Your Say surveys are provided in the table below along with a brief response as to how these issues will be addressed.

| Issue | Strategy response | | | |
|---|---|--|--|--|
| Need for an indoor playground | Council has assisted Orange Indoor Tennis Centre with the establishment of a temporary indoor playground during the winter months. Council is currently inviting Expressions of Interest for the establishment and operation of an indoor play facility with possible financial support being offered to a selected third party. | | | |
| Shade sail provision | The Strategy recognises the importance of shade however it is cost prohibitive to install shade sails at all playspaces. Shade sails to be prioritised for district and regional playspaces where users are typically visiting for longer periods compared with local level playspaces. Natural shade (tree planting) at all playspaces to be provided. | | | |
| Increase the number of fenced playspaces | The Strategy recommends fencing to be considered at select district and regional level playspaces. | | | |
| Provide public toilets at all playspaces. | Cost prohibitive to install and maintain public toilets at all locations so toilets are prioritised for district and regional playspaces where users are typically visiting for longer periods compared with local level playspaces. | | | |

3.1 Orange Play Strategy - Post Exhibition

| Suggested locations for new playspaces | All suggested locations were either included in the Strategy or located in close proximity to an existing playspace or new location identified in the Strategy. |
|---|---|
| Suggested renewal of existing playgrounds | The Strategy includes a works programme for the renewal of existing playgrounds based on age and current condition. |

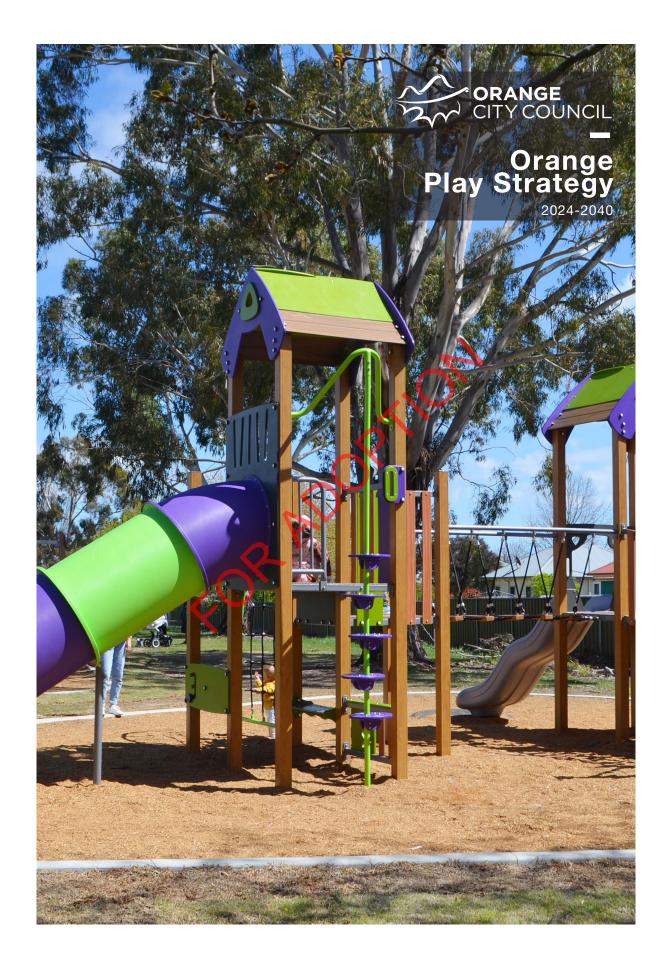
Internal Council feedback was also provided during the exhibition period which highlighted the need for the Strategy to align with the Orange Local Housing Strategy (2022) and the Orange Contributions Plan 2024.

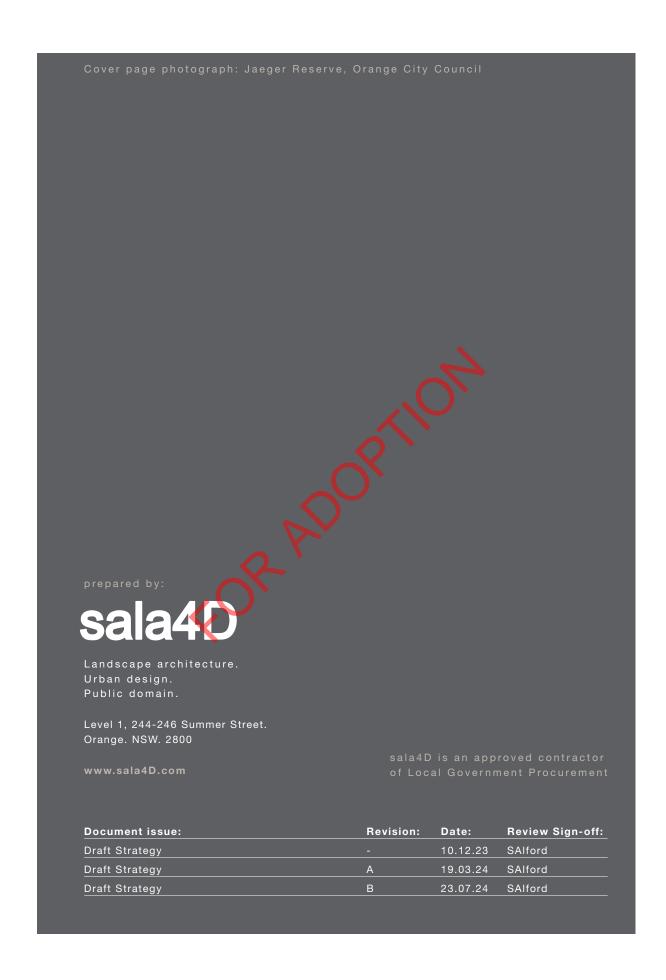
It is acknowledged that the Strategy does not currently include potential playspaces in all residential growth areas identified in the Orange Local Housing Strategy 2022 (LHS) however, as Council will be commencing the development of an Open Space and Recreation Need Strategy (OPRNS) in 2024, the intent will be to consider suitable amendments and updates to the Play Strategy to ensure alignment with the LHS and the outcomes of the OPRNS once completed.

Following final review of internal and external feedback, only minor editorial amendments have been made to the draft document and it is now recommended that Council adopt the Orange Play Strategy.

ATTACHMENTS

1 FOR ADOPTION - Orange Play Strategy, D24/77502 ₹





Orange City Council Play Strategy 2024

Executive Summary

Orange City Council has developed the Orange Play Strategy (the Strategy) to plan the direction of play provision to 2040, with the aim of best practice in play provision, referencing the NSW Planning and Infrastructure Guidelines for open space and to enhance play facilities for the children of the City.

Play is extremely important to the healthy development of children of all ages and abilities, in physical, mental, social and emotional terms. The increase in obesity throughout our society and the tendency for children to be drawn to 'online computer games and devices' highlights the importance of encouraging our children to be active outdoors; providing for play is one key service a local government can offer its citizens to encourage outdoor activity and to promote better health outcomes.

Provision for play needs to cater to the complete range in age of children and provide stimulation for all aspects of their development (physical, mental, social and emotional), in an equitable distribution throughout the local government area (LGA). As such, a play resource within an LGA should provide a diverse range of play opportunities within a range of setting types. These include playspaces of different hierarchies (local, district and regional) and a variety of themes and play types. To be effective and engaging, play provision also needs to provide a degree of challenge and risk so children can grow and learn in a safe environment.

It is also important that play provision recognises differences in the abilities of users and provides for people of all abilities. The NSW Everyone Can Play Guidelines provides best practice recommendations for inclusive playspaces. The development of each playspace should reflect upon what level of inclusive play is achievable and seek to achieve a space that incorporates the principles based on: "Can I get there? Can I play? Can I stay?"

The Strategy has found that Orange is well catered for with a diversity of play hierarchies well distributed around the urban area of the City, however additional play spaces should be provided, particularly as population grows.

Current provision of playspaces in Orange includes 38 parks, which is comparable

ORANGE CITY COUNCIL .03

with supply in other regional cities and towns, however the number of playspaces still needs to grow if the City is to achieve planning best practice. Council staff maintain existing equipment to a high standard and there is an ongoing schedule of maintenance, repair and upgrade. The strategic approach of this document will ensure new provision is focussed where needed most and provides the best mix of amenity, while being cost effective for Council to provide and maintain.

It is acknowledged that the Strategy does not currently include potential playspaces in all residential growth areas identified in the Orange Local Housing Strategy 2022 (LHS) however, as Council will be commencing the development of an Open Space and Recreation Need Strategy (OPRNS) in 2024, the intent will be to consider suitable amendments and updates to the Play Strategy to ensure alignment with the LHS and the outcomes of the OPRNS once completed.

The vision for the Orange Play Strategy, based on the Strategy focus, is to

'provide a Community focussed city-wide play network

The risk assessment performed as part of the Strategy, identified the following top three risks for implementing/not implementing the Strategy:

| Service Delivery | Not providing opportunities for healthy childhood | | |
|----------------------|---|--|--|
| | development within community, potentially resulting | | |
| | in poor children's health, anti-social behaviour, | | |
| | disenfranchised youth, and a less cohesive society | | |
| Corporate Governance | Non-compliance with Department of Planning and | | |
| | Infrastructure open space guidelines; Disability | | |
| | Discrimination Act; Building Code of Australia; Kids Safe | | |
| | NSW Best Practice Guidelines; Australian Standards 4685 | | |
| | (Playground Equipment) and AS/NZS4486 (Playground | | |
| | and Playground Equipment - installation, inspection, | | |
| | maintenance etc.) | | |
| Corporate Governance | Not delivering on Community Strategic Plan (2013- | | |
| | 2023), namely key objectives of: providing community | | |
| | open spaces, social and healthy childhood development | | |
| | opportunities | | |

The analysis provided in Part 4 suggests that Orange City Council should continue to increase the number of playspaces provided throughout the City; to ensure adequate coverage of local and district level playspaces. The value to society of quality open space within safe walking distance for children has been studied extensively. This doesn't mean all spaces need to include formal equipment, in fact provision of a wider range in diversity of play types has been identified as a critical determiner of playspace quality that Council should focus on in the future. (REC 1)

.04 ORANGE CITY COUNCIL

This Strategy analyses existing playspace provision and requirements for future provision. Targets are set, along with timeframes for delivery, all costed to standardised hierarchy models. A detailed mapping exercise has resulted in a matrix for delivery over the next 15 years.

The resultant network of playspaces is expected to support and enhance childhood development throughout the City, achieving best practice within a regional context and helping to develop healthy and engaged citizens that value the City and its open space.



ORANGE CITY COUNCIL .05

Glossary of Terms

| Term | Definition for the purpose of this document |
|----------------|---|
| Accessibility | An accessible playspace ensures that the facilities provided are |
| | usable by as many people as possible, to the greatest extent |
| | possible. |
| Amenities | Features that make a playspace a more pleasant place to be and |
| | can increase the visitation timespan, such as seats, tables, shade, |
| | water, barbeques and toilets |
| Children's | Children's independent mobility is defined as the ability of children |
| Independent | and adolescents to walk or cycle around their neighbourhood |
| Mobility | without adult accompaniment. |
| CPTED | Crime Prevention Through Environmental Design (CPTED) includes |
| | a range of initiatives employed in the design and management |
| | of a space to minimise the potential for a site to support criminal |
| | behaviour. These include clear sight lines, passive surveillance, |
| | lighting etc. |
| Deep Play | Play which enables children to access risky experiences and helps |
| | them develop survival skills and experience the conquest of fear; it |
| | requires deep concentration on behalf of the child. |
| District Park | Serves a number of neighbourhoods and may have a catchment |
| | extending beyond the LGA that hosts it. |
| GIS | Geographical Information System |
| Hazard | A situation that poses a threat to life, health, property or |
| | environment. Hazards should be eliminated from playspaces. |
| Local Park | Serves one neighbourhood and is located close to or within |
| | residential areas. |
| LGA | Local Government Area |
| Nature Deficit | A term coined by Richard Louv in his 2005 book Last Child in the |
| Disorder | Woods to describe the growing disconnect between children and |
| | the natural environment due to a dominance of electronic play and |
| | parental desires for supervision and control. |
| OCC | Orange City Council |
| Playground | Play environment that consists of infrastructure, complimentary |
| | facilities and landscapes |

.06 ORANGE CITY COUNCIL

| Term | Definition for the purpose of this document |
|------------------|---|
| Playspace | Playspaces are public spaces that encourage and facilitate play. |
| | A playspace can include a local park/ open space, or natural |
| | setting and may or may-not include play equipment. Playspaces |
| | include playgrounds, which refer specifically to spaces containing |
| | equipment designed to facilitate play. Use of the term "playspace" |
| | reinforces that play can occur both informally and formally, actively |
| | and passively and on both traditional equipment or on natural |
| | landscape elements. |
| Play equipment | Manufactured elements designed specifically for use for play and |
| | impact absorbing surfacing. |
| Play value | Play value is the extent to which a child's development is assisted |
| | in a playspace. |
| PRAV | Playgrounds and Recreation Association of Victoria |
| Regional Park | Serves whole cities or metropolitan subregions, or multiple towns |
| | and settlements in non-metropolitan regions. |
| Risk | The potential for a negative outcome from a given action. In play |
| | the actions are often termed challenges and the risks impede the |
| | challenge from being reached, such as falling. It is important for |
| | children to learn about risk-taking in a healthy way and to become |
| | risk-aware as opposed to risk-averse. |
| Structured play | Structured play restricts the play experience to achieve desired |
| | outcomes, such as the completion of a puzzle, climbing to the top |
| | of a structure or taking part in a game with rules. |
| Structured play | Self-directed play stimulating imagination and creativity, utilising |
| | found objects in any space, either individual or in groups. |
| Universal design | Principles employed during the planning, design and provision of |
| | environments to ensure equity of access for people with disabilities, |
| | the aged and people without disabilities. |

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.08 ORANGE CITY COUNCIL

PART 1 - Background

1.1 Purpose of the Strategy

The Orange City Council Play Strategy 2024 provides Council and the community with a clear strategic direction for the ongoing planning, design, management and maintenance of Council playspaces throughout the Orange LGA, over the next 15 years.

Orange City Council currently manages has 38 parks with play equipment (39 play spaces in total). The playspaces are well maintained and valued by the community. However, they are a continually aging asset and there is potential to enhance the suite of playgrounds with more innovative play opportunities. This Strategy provides strategic direction and specific directions to guide the development and management of playspaces in the LGA to increase the potential of existing playspaces and to broaden play opportunities over the next 15 years.

The Strategy has been developed utilising an extensive literature review, site visits and the Comprehensive Playground Audit of 2022.

1.2 Polcy Context

The community goals and aspirations of the Community Strategic Plan underpin the direction of the outcomes this Strategy aims to achieve, having their origin in the City Vision:

The Vision for Orange, as set out in the Orange Community Strategic Plan 2022-2032 is broken into four themes, being:

Live: A healthy, safe, inclusive and vibrant community.

Preserve: Balancing the natural and built environment.

Prosper: A smart, innovative and resilient economy.

Collaborate: Leadership and partnership.

This Strategy is based on and is consistent with other strategic documents, including the Orange Community Strategic Plan 2013-2023 and Council's Plans of Management for Parks.

Why is a Strategy Needed?

Access to play is a right of our whole community, so a strategy is required to provide an holistic, equitable approach rather than reacting to individual approaches from the community to upgrade or provide new facilities in a piecemeal way, nor solely as a result of new growth.

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1.3 Summary of Principles and Objectives

Through the adoption of this Strategy, Council adopts the following Principles that underpin the objectives and approaches within it:

The **Need** to Play – All children and young people need to play and the impulse is innate. Play is a biological, psychological and social necessity and is fundamental to the healthy development and well-being of individuals and communities.

Equity of Access – Ideally, playgrounds should be distributed evenly throughout the LGA, with consideration given to barriers such as large roads and railway lines.

Child/Teenager **Development** – Diversity in play amenity has been shown to enhance the physical and mental development of children and teenagers.

Health – Good playgrounds are places where children voluntarily choose to take part in physical activity and sufficient outdoor play is a proven way of improving children's health

Social Inclusion – Playgrounds serve as spaces of inclusion, where children are united in play, spending positive time together, being physically active and connecting with others. If designed to meet the needs of older children as well as younger children, playgrounds can positively influence physical activity, social iinteraction and a sense of community ownership, and can lead to a decrease in vandalism.

Provision of **Quality** – The quality of playgrounds is key to ensuring increased and more satisfying play opportunities and enhanced amenity for visitors.

Provision of Carer **Amenity** – Facilities which support the needs of carers encourage extended use and create a safer play environment.

Based on these Principles, the following Objectives are sought to be achieved through the implementation of the Strategy.

Orange City Council will develop a play network that is:

Equitable – playspaces are distributed throughout the LGA in an equitable manner, catering to the needs of the community at a range of ages and proviiding reasonable prximity to all residents.

Accessible – playspaces are accessible via safe and convenient walking and cycle paths, vehicle and public transport; including the provision for access for people with a range of abilities.

Diverse – playspaces offer a diverse range of play opportunities ranging from nature based to highly developed, in a variety of locations, catering to all ages and abilities.

Stimulating – playspaces offer a variety of stimulating activities throughout the LGA, catering to a range of learning opportunities within a play context.

Healthy – playspaces encourage children to be physically active and assist in the development of physical skills and abilities in children

Social - playspaces are attractive and valued by their community and encourage

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interaction between children and a variety of user groups in a positive manner.

Accommodating – visitors to playspaces are catered for through a range of amenity infrastructure consistent with the hierarchy of the playground and in accordance with open spaces guidelines.

High Quality – playspaces reach a minimum standard of provision for each hierarchy.

Safe – playspaces are developed, managed and maintained to a safe standard, in accordance with relevant guidelines and regulations.

Sun Safe – playspaces are designed to include summer shade areas either through appropriate landscaping and tree selection, built structures or shade sails.

Adaptable - playspaces are designed to complement their location, to be flexible if local needs change and to be usable in different ways by different age groups

Cultural – where appropriate playspaces will incorporate the built, social and natural history or culture of its locality

Sustainable – the ongoing provision and maintenance of playspaces is sustainable throughout the LGA within the forecasts of Council's resourcing and management strategies.

Collaborative – partnership opportunities will be supported where it is in the best interests of the community and where it supports the principles of the Strategy.

A Summary Objective that encompasses these specific objectives is:

Orange City Council will develop a play network that is equitably distributed, diverse, and meets the needs of the community.

1.4 The Strategy Focus

The Play Strategy is focussed upon 'providing a Community focussed city-wide play network':

The Strategy has been developed through setting guiding Principles for play in a local government context and applying these to derive Objectives that will be meaningful when assessed against current provision. The Objectives are then applied to develop Strategies for playspace provision and maintenance. Strategic actions include: planning for new playspaces in urban release areas; development control actions for new development; policy development for use within Council; capital works in the Council Delivery Plan; and, adjustments in maintenance procedures.

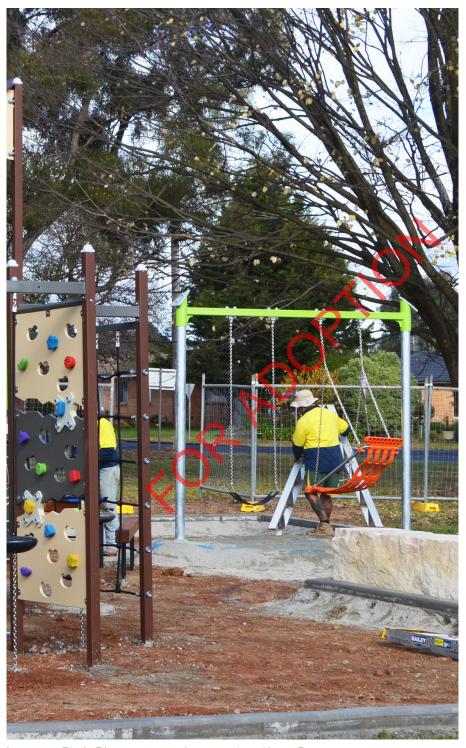
Management actions of the strategies are aimed at setting:

A clear hierarchy for provision

Future provision goals

Improvements, through innovation, diversity, greater accessibility and better

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Larance Park Playspace under construction, Orange City Council

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design

Risk management procedures

Feedback for the continued implementation of the Strategy comes through the ongoing Community Strategic Planning process of assessing Community Satisfaction; through changes in maintenance costs and through the database of the Council Customer Request System. These systems should be used on a regular basis to assess the effectiveness of the Strategy and to adjust it as necessary. A review of the Strategy should be initiated every four years in line with the review of Integrated Strategic Planning process and Council documents.

Figure 1.4: Strategy Process



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1.5 Implementing the Strategy

The strategies and their priorities will provide direction for the next fifteen years. The works recommended should be reflected in the Community Strategic Plan and its framework, with some elements being able to be addressed within existing budgets, recurrent expenditure and Section 7.11 funds.

Some works will however, require a commitment of capital funds and as such it is recommended that projects are submitted for funding each year based on priorities identified in the Strategy and that grant funding should also be sought to contribute to achieving projects. Collaboration with community groups and service clubs should be sought for the provision of new assets where possible.

1.6 Vision

The vision for the Orange Play Strategy, based on the Strategy focus, is:

'To provide a Community focussed city-wide play

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Kerr Reserve Playspace, Orange City Council

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PART 2 - Playspace Development

2.1 Play Context

What is Play?

Play is an intrinsic activity of recreational pleasure and enjoyment. It is generally associated with children but can equally be applied to adults.

Play England, in their Charter for Play, defines play as: 'what children and young people do when they follow their own ideas and interests, in their own way, and for their own reasons; it is: what children and young people do when they are not being told what to do by adults.' (2020)

The Importance of Play

It is well understood that play is essential to the cognitive, physical, social and emotional development and well-being of children. Play is the means by which a child understands the world and tests their position in it. More so, it has been understood for some time that 'play has an impact on the architectural foundations of development such as gene expression and physical and chemical development of the brain' and 'these foundations influence the child's ability to adapt to, survive, thrive in and shape their social and physical environments' (Play England, 2008), more recently, pediatricians have recognised that play "supports the formation of the safe, stable, and nurturing relationships with all caregivers that children need to thrive" and that pediatricians should write play prescriptions, showing "the importance of playful learning for the promotion of healthy child development" (Yogman, M et al, 2018).

The importance of play to optimal child development has been recognised by the United Nations High Commission for Human Rights in Article 31 of the Convention on the Rights of the Child, which states that 'play is a right of every child'.

The International Play Association states that play:

Develops independence and self-esteem;

Encourages social interaction and respect for others;

Supports well-being and healthy growth and development;

Increases knowledge and understanding; and,

Promotes creativity and capacity to learn.

"It has never been more important to restate the importance of play. Fundamental, essential, vital – the words in this Declaration reflect IPA members' message to the world that play is an essential part of childhood. All children have a right to experience play which, in the words of the Declaration, is free, open, boundless, sometimes chaotic, sometimes transformative. Play is a right which all adults have a responsibility to uphold.

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The IPA Declaration highlights the growing evidence of the effects of lack of time and space for play and the serious and life-long effects on children's bodies and minds. IPA wishes to alert the wider community to this evidence and call for action to address this deprivation before the affects cause lifelong damage to more children." -Theresa Casey, President, IPA 2023

Playspaces

Playspaces are public spaces that encourage and facilitate play. A playspace can include a local park/ open space, or natural setting and may or may-not include play equipment. Playspaces include playgrounds, which refer specifically to spaces containing equipment designed to facilitate play. Use of the term "playspace" reinforces that play can occur both informally and formally, actively and passively and on both traditional equipment or on natural landscape elements.

Local government provides playspaces because the community values the benefits which come from play and recreation.

For the purpose of this Strategy a Playspace is a designated area that:

Is on public land that is owned or managed by Council

May include a variety of play features, such as play equipment, ball play areas and natural play elements.

Play Australia noted in their paper Play Area Development Policy for Local Government (July 2001) that "the role of the public playgrounds should be to offer experiences not otherwise available to children in their everyday situation." The different types of play behaviour and how children make use of a variety of spaces are important elements to understand in developing a Play Strategy. These principles continue to be recognised as more and more literature is developed by government and non-government organisations.

2.2 Providing Quality Playspaces

The Sport and Recreation Victoria Good Playspace Guide (2011) recommends three essential factors in developing successful public playspaces. These are:

Play value;

Accessibility and inclusion; and,

Safety.

Although this reference is over 10 years old, it is regarded as a well-founded, current, resource. Some of the most thorough publications of this type, continue to be actively cited and practically used today, and include:

Design for Play:a Guide to Creating Successful Play Spaces (Play England, 2008)

Elements of a Successful Playspace (Project for Public Spaces, 2008)

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The most recent Australian publication focussed on playspace design is the NSW Government "Everyone Can Play" guideline, which provides a set of best practice recommendations designed to encourage the creation of more inclusive playspaces.

The methodology of this strategy uses the information contained in all the above references.

Maximising Play Value

Play value is the extent to which a child's development is assisted in a playspace. To assess the level an individual playspace may assist in children's development we can look at the types of play the space offers and the range of children it offers these play opportunities to.

Play Categories

Play is varied and interlinked in its process and outcome with some researches nominating up to 16 specific types. For the purpose of this Strategy, four specific groupings of play will be used to encourage specific developmental outcomes.

Cognitive Play

Play including activities that challenge and develop the intellect of the child, including games of strategy, exploration, observation or that use and develop language. Also, play which includes sand play, water play, play in dirt, play with loose and found objects, play with art material, making music and cubby building and construction activities.

Provision to support this type of play includes:

Labyrinths

Sand equipment, diggers, sifters

Water rills, creeks, reflecting pools

Moveable equipment natural areas with branches for moving and building

Musical equipment, pipes for yelling down, echoing tunnels

Social and Emotional Play

Social Play enhances social development through learning and exploring with friends, such as role-play, imaginative play, small and large group activities, togetherness and talking, and traditional games.

Playing and interacting with other children, as well as some adults, provides opportunities for friendships, social interactions, conflicts and resolutions.

Provision to support this type of play includes:

Theme equipment

Equipment requiring sharing, taking turns or working together

Games with rules such as hopscotch, ball games

Cubby building

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Physical Play

Play which develops skills of movement, including the control of small muscle groups (hands and fingers), large muscle groups (legs and torso) and the ability to relate to space. These activities include running, hanging, climbing, experiencing height, agility/gymnastic activities, sliding, jumping, balancing, swinging, crawling, bouncing, spinning, rocking, ball games, skipping, pushing/pulling etc. Adequate space is required in a suitable environment where other users will not be disturbed.

Provision to support this type of play includes:

Climbing nets or walls

Balance beams, slides, swings

Tunnels

Kick-about areas

Communicative Play

Play which assists in a child's ability to use and understand language. This includes the ability to use correct terminology as well as developing skills in self-expression (thoughts, feelings, ideas, frustration).

Provision to support this type of play includes:

Theme equipment

Moveable and multi-use equipment

Equipment requiring sharing, taking turns or working together

Specific language equipment with letters, words or pictures

Age Specific Play

Toddlers (0 to 3 years)

Playspaces can cater for this age group by focussing on the development of balance, creativity and social role play, with very simple settings for:

Crawling and walking in well maintained grass

Running up and rolling down gentle slopes

Swinging in very low baby swings

Climbing up and down very low level changes

Rocking with an adult on a gentle rocker

Play in a small sand pit

Hiding between very low shrubs

Junior Children (3 to 6 years)

Playspaces should provide opportunities for young children to extend their physical development through practicing and honing skills in:

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Climbing

Running

Agility skills

Skipping and ball play

It should also provide settings for dramatic play where children can play in small groups with sand and water, and build cubbies.

Older Children (6 to 12 years)

Playspaces for older children should continue the graduated challenge offered by equipment. These children are likely to use equipment for activities such as:

Fine tuning gymnastic skills, such as on agility items, turnover bars and chin up bars

Swinging in pairs

Extending physical challenge, such as hanging from one hand only, jumping further and from higher levels, somersaulting from platforms and climbing onto roofs and other high points, and riding bikes down accessible slopes. [Note: this behaviour will test equipment to its limit, and may not be what the equipment was designed for but is foreseeable and must be anticipated.]

Older children also need spaces for:

Ball games including grass area and hard court area

Riding bicycles and skateboards

Hiding and running

Traditional small group games, such as marbles and hopscotch

Youth (12 years and older)

Playspaces are likely to be used for activities such as:

Demonstrating skill (eg. Parkour, skate tricks)

Competing (boys in particular)

'Hanging out' away from parents

Play when not observed (girls in particular)

Colour should be used to a minimum in these spaces. High levels of graffiti in play equipment for younger users may indicate the need to provide youth equipment as they are bored and need a positive outlet. Co-locating these facilities with other facilities such as basketball courts and skate parks increases the likelihood of high use and better surveillance.

Equipment that combines computer gaming technology with traditional equipment may draw children and youth out of their houses and back into parks for physical activity. For the less athletic among our youth this type of equipment may provide the exercise outlet not currently available in competitive team sport, without the perceived risk factors of skate parks.

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The Elderly

Adult-sized equipment for exercise or for fine motor skills in a non-confronting setting has not been considered as part of this Strategy but is an area of play provision receiving greater attention due to the aging population and the value seen in co-locating resources and young/elderly interaction.

In many cases the equipment that is useful for the aged in retaining motor skill is equally useful for children and for those in society with disabilities.

Accessibility and Inclusion

Quality playspaces are accessible and inclusive; where children of all ages and abilities are equally valued and have the same opportunities for participation. The application of principles of universal design and of Australian standards for accessibility will ensure equitable delivery at site specific applications, while planning for distribution of provision on a City-wide basis ensures fair delivery of the resource.

Application of the principles of accessibility, inclusion, participation, equity and dignity include:

Provision of playspaces throughout the LGA, in all communities;

Accessible paths of travel to playspaces;

Inclusion of amenity items, such as tables in the shade, that are accessible;

Welcoming signage including all potential users;

Inclusion of accessible play elements; and,

Accessible toilets wherever toilets are provided.

Everyone Can Play

The NSW Government published guidelines to assist in the creation of more inclusive playspaces. The inclusive playspace is promoted as a place where the community can come together and where everyone can feel welcome. Therefore, these playspaces include a high level of amenity for all abilities and need to ensure that play amenity is supported by the provision of carer amenity, such as seats, bbqs, toilets, adult change tables, fencing and shade.

When developing a play amenity network for a regional city such as Orange, it is important to remember to provide a range of play experiences throughout the city, and to consider how each space is likely to be accessed by those with highest needs. Therefore, an all abilities playspace should be a destination playspace of either District or Regional level, providing adequate car parking, path networks and other amenity.

In addition, the removal of access impediments in playspaces in general can be transformative for wheelchair users. If budget allows for an accessible soft-fall option to an accessible swing, then that amenity should be provided. Similarly, always choosing picnic tables with wheelchair accessible ends or BBQ facilities with roll-under sides are simple changes that provide positive impact.

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Carer Needs

The provision of amenity for carers is seen to be a critical factor in increasing the duration of visits to playspaces, and the positive interaction between carers and children. Toilets, seating, picnic tables, bubblers and adequate shade all make the experience of a park more comfortable and enjoyable.

Recent play designers have recognised the importance of providing seating elements within playspaces for adults accompanying children, particularly toddlers and junior children. This is particularly important for grandparents supervising children and can provide a means for positive social interaction between all user groups.

A need for fenced play equipment has been highlighted by the Children's Services section of Council, due to the dominance of parks in close proximity to creek-lines in Orange and regulations for paid carers. Parks should be assessed for their potential use by childcare organisations and the benefit that may be gained by installing fencing. It must be noted however, that by their design, child-proof fencing precludes use of that play equipment by children without a carer present (they can't get in). For this reason, only parts of playspaces should be fenced and these should only be in district or regional level parks to ensure equity of access to all.

Safety

The prevention of serious injury is an important consideration in the provision of playspaces, however a balance needs to be achieved between safety and children's needs for play. Extensive research exists for the benefits to children of play environments which provide risk and challenge and that risk free' playspaces diminish learning and development opportunities.

Children need to be able to take calculated and graduated risks at play so that they can learn about their strengths, abilities and limitations; as well as learning about how to assess risk, problem solve, communicate, collaborate and get on with others.

The Royal Society for the Prevention of Accidents states that "safety and risk education in childhood both assists in keeping a child safe while they are growing up and also helps to prepare for adulthood through equipping them with important life-skills". They promote the idea that design should aim for "as safe as necessary, not as safe as possible" as it is important to be risk aware, not risk averse and this starts with children.

Australian research about the importance of risk-taking in play concluded that "... while safety issues need to be addressed; avoiding all risk is not the solution, as doing so limits children's participation in worthwhile experiences that promote their optimal health and development. On the contrary, failure to provide children with stimulating and challenging experiences through which they can engage in positive risk-taking exposes them to different risks that compromise their health and development. The ultimate aim for parents, teachers and other play providers should be to provide outdoor play environments where the risks of serious injury are reduced, but creativity, challenge and excitement are maintained." (Little & Wyver, 2008)

Hazards in playspaces are those elements with potential for harm and therefore they need to be eliminated altogether. Hazards include sharp objects, faulty equipment and

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inadequate soft-fall. Most hazards are well known and easy to prevent; compliance with current Australian Standards for example makes it less likely that children will be exposed to these kinds of dangers.

Unintended access to hazards occurs when, by providing challenge for some children, providers of play equipment open an opportunity for less able users to be exposed to a hazard, such as fall heights or openings. Designers should assess these risks and address them where possible but they should not be used as an excuse to avoid providing challenges in a playspace.

Crime Prevention Though Environmental Design (CPTED)

Crime Prevention Through Environmental Design (CPTED) includes a range of initiatives employed in the design and management of a space to minimise the potential for a site to support criminal behaviour. These include clear sight lines, passive surveillance, lighting etc. Maximising use of parks surrounding playspaces through greater provision of amenity and co-locating facilities for amenity sharing ensures surveillance of those playspaces is maximised and opportunities for criminal behaviour limited.

2.3 Healthy Neighbourhoods

City Planning

Extensive research has been conducted into disease control and the promotion of better health through improved planning and design of our cities. This research shows that significant health benefits are realised when:

- The built environment supports physical activity (walking and cycling paths, open space for recreation, quality public transport, streets designed to encourage people to walk);
- The built environment connects and strengthens communities (safe and attractive streets and public spaces, residential development that encourages a sense of community); and,
- The built environment provides equitable access to healthy food (reducing exposure
 to fast-foods in the vicinity of schools, retaining peri-urban agricultural lands as a
 source of healthy food, encouraging farmer's markets and community gardens).

Research also shows that habits that affect an individual's health are learnt throughout childhood and influence decisions for the rest of their life. Therefore, provision of a city that encourages children and families to actively use their neighbourhood or to choose alternative modes of transport, will have health benefits for our community for years to come.

Children's Independent Mobility and Implications for Park Provision

Increasing levels of supervision of children in recent years has led to a significant body of research into the needs of children for freedom to explore their neighbourhoods without parental supervision.

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Increased levels of supervision are of concern due to the inhibiting effect it has on children psychologically and because of its potential links to sedentary behaviour and increased time watching TV or playing on computers (screen time). Increased sedentary behaviour has direct links to obesity, vitamin D deficiency, poor motor and muscle development and a decrease in social ability.

Play England, in their Charter for Children's Play, state that "Children should be able to play freely in their local areas. Children have the same right to use and enjoy public space as others. Local streets, estates, green spaces, parks and town centres should be accessible for children and young people to move around in safety and offer places where they can play freely, experience nature, explore their environment and be with their friends".

Play England also highlights the over-programming of children's time does not equate to play for play's sake; "the opportunities for children and young people to play outside and become familiar with their locality are narrowed by restrictions to their mobility, a heavy promotion of adult agendas that focus on play for particular purposes, prohibitions and constraints on the use of space..." (2008).

The Deakin University Centre for Physical Activity and Nutrition Research's paper on children's independent mobility shows that in addition to the developmental benefits of independent mobility, freedom of movement unaccompanied by an adult is "significantly associated with physical activity among children" (Carver et al., 2007).

Connectivity, through linear open space, pedestrian friendly streets, adequate bicycle paths and safe streets for riding, along with the provision of small parks throughout the LGA designed to be accessible are all means by which our neighbourhoods can be safer and more beneficial to our children. Parents' are also more inclined to allow children independent mobility in areas with low traffic speeds; speed humps and pedestrian crossings have been demonstrated to increase children's independent mobility, particularly for girls (who tend to have less independent mobility than boys).

Free Play

The over-programming of children's time by well-meaning parents has been highlighted as contributing to children's inability to handle risk and with development of anxiety when presented with free time. The provision of a quality built environment that fosters community and a sense of safety is an important positive contributor to parental sense of ease in allowing their children to programme their own free time. Free play is the type of play that children engage in when they are left to their own decisions and is a vital component of healthy development.

Effects of Non-provision

The term Nature Deficit Disorder was coined by Richard Louv in his 2005 book Last Child in the Woods to describe a range of behavioural problems he attributed to spending less time outdoors. A rise in childhood obesity levels is used as additional evidence for the problem.

Local hierarchy parks are integral to ensuring children have a reason to get outside away from the TV and computer games.

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Children are the group to whom the provision of local open space is most important because of their inherent inability to travel independently. They are also the group with least ability to impact on their surrounding environment and must trust adults to care for their needs when making provision decisions. Unfortunately, however, most adults do not appreciate the same values in open space as do children.

Limiting play provision to only district or regional level parks effectively restricts children's options for when they can play and whom they can play with. Worse than this however, is that it restricts who can play to only those who can be taken to a playspace.

In a society that prides itself on caring for all members of society and in providing an environment where children can develop to their full potential, the provision of playspaces at all hierarchies of park is extremely important.

2.4 Opportunities for Youth

The recreational needs of youth are often left unmet as they appear more difficult to discern. The results can be disenfranchisement and boredom, which can lead to antisocial behaviour.

"Young people resent being seen as a problem and often consider themselves as the victims. They complain about a lack of facilities and often wish to be involved in finding solutions to the problems. 'Hanging out' is part of the natural process of growing up, an intermediate stage between the comfort and protection of a child's home environment and the complete independence of adult life. If we do not cater for this need by offering (in consultation with young people) suitable locations and structures, then young people will continue to use places not intended for this purpose. This may then result in confrontations and complaints. ...in cases where young people have been asked, their requirements are often surprisingly modest – just somewhere dry where they can meet their friends."

Hampshire, R. and Wilkinson, M., Youth Shelters and Sports Systems – A Good Practice Guide 2nd Ed., Thames Valley Police 2002

Youth are keen to not be seen as children, however they still seek to be outside with their friends away from adults. To ensure amenity provision for youth that caters to their needs while not being child-like, it is important to provide some spaces designed specifically for them. There are a few key elements that should be considered in the provision of youth spaces:

- Keep colour to a minimum
- Use robust equipment designed for larger, stronger bodies
- Provide hang-out space
- Provide quick to get-off elements for girls that want to play but don't want to be seen playing

Providing Parkour equipment throughout the LGA, along with areas for teenage girls to engage without pressure to take part, would assist in diversifying the age group provision of playspaces.

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PART 3 - Planning for Play

3.1 Planning Process

Play spaces which vary in size, play value and accessibility serve different types of users, all with different needs. Users do not expect each playspace to provide the same experiences everywhere and enjoy discovering new things in difference locations. Providing a diverse network of playspaces throughout the LGA is Council's most effective means of ensuring equity and access for all.

The delivery of this network of playspaces requires a clear, systematic planning process, based on a good understanding of the community and the open space network.

The Community Strategic Plan and any community surveys provide a useful guide to the direction of a Strategy such as this; and, the NSW Department of Planning and Environment provides guidelines in assisting in the planning of open space as does the NSW Government Architect. These elements combine to form the basis of the playspace planning process.

The community is integral in the implementation of playspaces at each site and should be engaged wherever possible in the process to ensure appropriate design and therefore maximum use and 'ownership'.

Park Types and Hierarchy

The Government Architect New South Wales has produced a guidance document for quality planning of open space. For Local Government managers, each parcel must also be classified according to their functions. Each parcel of land (or part of parcel of land) in Council's Asset Register should be allocated to one of the open space types, which are listed in Table 3.1 below.

Table 3.1: Types of open space (Local Government Act 1993)

| Type of Open Space | Description | Commonly used alternative terms |
|----------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Parks | Reserves which have had their | Passive open space |
| | physical character and/or vegetation | |
| | modified to support community | |
| | recreation, community development | |
| | and wellbeing uses. Includes | |
| | ornamental gardens, play facilities, | |
| | community gardens and informal | |
| | lawns. | |
| Outdoor sports areas | Venues designed to support team | Active open space |
| | sports training and competition. | |

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| Type of Open Space | Description | Commonly used |
|------------------------|--|----------------------|
| | | alternative terms |
| Urban public space | Street and road reserves, lanes and | The public domain |
| | town plazas and squares which | |
| | accommodate walking, cycling, social | |
| | gatherings or outdoor dining. | |
| Conservation and | Reserves created to protect and | Bushland or |
| heritage | enhance natural and cultural | environmental |
| | resources. | conservation as |
| | | defined by the |
| | | Growth Centres |
| | | Development Code |
| Landscape and | Reserves created for their | |
| amenity | attractiveness and to add to or | |
| | protect the character of an area. | |
| | Includes reserves adjoining residential | |
| | and industrial areas, ridge lines, river | |
| | flats and sections of road reserves. | |
| Linear and linkage | Small pathways linking residential | May be described as |
| | streets in urban areas to municipal | 'green corridors' or |
| | and regional trails using former | 'greenways'. |
| | rail and water race reserves and | |
| | dedicated land. Includes creek and | |
| | river reserves and floodways. | |
| Utilities and services | Land reserved for urban and rural | |
| | infrastructure and support services. | |
| Undeveloped | Land acquired or zoned for open | |
| | space purposes to protect its assets, | |
| | or to meet assessed community | |
| | needs once development of an area | |
| • | proceeds. | |
| Proposed | Land proposed to be zoned or | |
| | acquired for open space purposes to | |
| | protect assets or to meet assessed | |
| | community needs once development | |
| | of an area proceeds. | |

Each parcel of land can then be planned for according to the different sized catchments which their facilities serve, the guidelines define these as:

Regional – serves whole cities or metropolitan subregions, or multiple towns and settlements in non-metropolitan regions. Because of the extent of the catchment regional open space often requires State agency management.

District – serves a number of neighbourhoods and may have a catchment

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extending beyond the LGA that hosts it.

Local – serves one neighbourhood and is located close to or within residential areas.

In the context of playspace provision the following are guidelines for the elements that should be including with each hierarchy of playspace.

Regional Playspaces

In the last Play Strategy Council had 6 (2 at Lake Canobolas) playspaces designated as regional, however five have since been redesignated to better reflect the level of play amenity provided. There are a number of Regional level parks that have a playspace within them but the playspace does not provide regional level play amenity, and a higher level of provision isn't appropriate. An example of this is Cook Park, which provides swings only.

Of the 39 playspaces managed by Council, 1 is designated as Regional; the Orange Adventure Playground, it has been designated as the Regional Playspace for the LGA. This focus ensures adequate funding is directed toward the play space and there is clarity of service provision.

Regional playspaces often attract people from all over the LGA as well as from outside the LGA. Regional open spaces are often destination venues where visitors spend prolonged periods, perhaps even all day. Consequently, playspaces located in regional open spaces are often expected to retain children's interest for the longest periods.

The Government Architect NSW standards for regional parks are that they are 5+ha in size and are within 5-10km of most dwellings.

Service level provision for Orange City Council Regional Parks:

Visitor and caregiver amenities

Car parking

Toilets

Shelter/shade for caregivers and over play equipment

Picnic tables and seats (multiple sets)

BBQ's (multiple)

Drinking water

Security lighting

Formal play areas (based on type of Regional Park)

Play amenity for toddlers (0-3 years)

Play amenity for junior children (3-6 years)

Play amenity for older children (6-12 years)

Play amenity for youth (12 years and older)

Consideration to all categories of play

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Regional Level Playspace, Orange Adventure Playground, Orange City

Seating adjacent toddler and junior equipment for carer/child support

Informal play areas

Kick about areas (with goal posts where appropriate) - at least the size of half a soccer pitch ie.2500 m2 to allow multiple informal ball games or end to end kicking

Skate and cycling areas

Natural landscape features such as creeks and mounds to be retained and enhanced

Accessibility

Access for people with disabilities to park amenities

Access for people with disabilities to accessible play amenity

Service Level

Weekly routine visual inspection

Monthly operational inspection

Annual comprehensive inspection

District Playspaces

Of Council's 39 playspaces five are designated as district level: two of which are located at Lake Canobolas and one at Gosling Creek, so these 3 are destination parks, outside of the residential areas of the City; the final 2 (Elephant Park and Glenroi Oval), cover the majority of the southern residential areas of Orange.

District parks are large pieces of open space used by people from across the LGA and are accessible by motor vehicle, public transport or bicycle. The Government Architect NSW standards for district parks are that they are 2-5ha in size and are within 2km of most dwellings.

District parks often include sporting field complexes and, with their associated facilities, the co-location of a playspace within the park is a logical addition to increase amenity and extend use. Due to their size and amenity provision district level parks cater for larger numbers of visitors.

In general, people spend longer periods of time in district level open spaces than they do in local open spaces. As a consequence, the playgrounds within them often have to retain children's interests for longer periods of time and should be designed to cater to a wider variety of needs.

Service level provision for Orange City Council District Parks:

Visitor and caregiver amenities

Car parking to cater for normal demand or adequate on-street parking

Toilets

Shelter/shade for caregivers and over play equipment

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District Level Playspace, Elephant Park, Orange City Council

Picnic tables and seats

BBQ's

Drinking water

Security lighting where appropriate

Formal play areas

Play amenity for at least three age groups

Seating adjacent toddler and junior equipment (where provided) for carer/child support

Informal play areas

Kick about area (at least 1500m2 to allow one informal ball game or end to end kicking)

Cycling areas

Natural landscape features such as creeks and mounds to be retained and enhanced

Accessibility

Access for people with disabilities to park amenities

Access for people with disabilities to accessible play amenity

Service Level

Weekly routine visual inspection

Monthly operational inspection

Annual comprehensive inspection

Local Playspaces

Of the Council's 39 playspaces 33 are designated as local. The Government Architect NSW standards for local parks state that they are 0.5-2ha in size and are within 400m of most dwellings.

It is important that local playgrounds are accessible by pedestrians and those on bicycles as these are often a child's first options for expressing their 'independent mobility'. Major roads, railway lines, creeks without crossings and natural boundaries should be recognised as potential restrictions to pedestrian access.

In general, people spend relatively short periods of time in local open spaces therefore the playgrounds located within them do not have to retain children's interests for long periods. These playspaces may only cater for one age group with the 'older children' (6-12 years) group key as these children may be beginning to explore their 'independent mobility' options.

Visitor and caregiver amenities

Shelter/shade for caregivers and over play equipment

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Local Level Playspace, Brooklands Playspace, Orange City Council

Seating in shade overlooking play equipment

Formal play areas

Play amenity for at least one age group

Informal play areas

Kick about area (at least 200m2 to allow ball games for young children)

Natural landscape features such as creeks and mounds to be retained and enhanced

Accessibility

Access for people with disabilities to accessible play amenity when possible

Service Level

Monthly routine visual inspection

Three-monthly operational inspection

Annual comprehensive inspection

3.2 Design Considerations

An LGA such as Orange will benefit considerable from the development of a network of playspaces designed as quality individual spaces that combine with the whole to create a well-integrated resource that caters for all.

This Strategy sets a staged development schedule for playspaces throughout the LGA to 'fill in the gaps' of provision both in terms of location and types of spaces offered. It makes suggestions for the age groups to be provided for at key sites, based on the greatest need expected in that area, and to compliment the whole.

Themes are an important element in playspace provision, especially when catering to toddlers and junior children as they role play and stretch their imagination. The opportunity to design a theme into a playspace for these age groups should be considered from the outset; often this can be the binding element that can take a space from being just a few pieces of equipment to a special space loved by the community.

This Strategy also recommends the establishment of a suite of signage that links all playspaces throughout the LGA, to better inform carers of the location of other spaces and what they offer. The use of digital media should be used to optimise the effectiveness of the signage network and mapping that has been developed as part of the Strategy.

Site Specific Design Guidelines

A playspace should be designed from the ground up; ensuring that accessibility and maintenance issues are avoided through rigorous planning. In this regard, it is often wise to engage the services of a professional for the design, documentation and

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construction of the space. A landscape architect will be able to 'think outside the box' when planning each space and should assist in cost reduction through clever design.

Some playspace design guidelines recommend a 'playspace development model', which prescribes the need in each playspace for the following elements:

Active Play

Open Space

Creative/Explorative Spaces

Special Features

Adult Supervision

This is a good check-list to refer to in the design process.

The inclusion of planting throughout a playspace has been shown to be beneficial to children's play experiences; the aesthetic appearance of a space can be lifted and the longevity and capacity of wood chip soft-fall can also be increased. Soft native grasses have been extensively tested for their use in playspaces and the benefits far out-weigh any increased cost in establishment or maintenance. The elimination of raised timber edges in favour of a planted edge can aid in the accessibility of a space and the sense that the playspace extends throughout the park; it also eliminates a potential trip-

Retrofitting exiting spaces for accessibility can also be achieved through the elimination of some raised timber edges and the establishment of poured rubber paths through the playspace.

Shade provision should be planned in the design of a playspace and appropriate tree species used to establish shade as quickly as possible.

Community Participation

Community participation during the planning and design of a playspace is essential for understanding the specific needs of the local community and in establishing community ownership of the space. If key groups are engaged and brought on-side early in the process they can be a key conduit in positive information flows and community pride, effecting future vandalism and anti-social behaviour. Establishing a link with the community also increases the likelihood of early reporting of issues in a space; minimising the need for scheduled inspections and assisting in risk management.

The level of community consultation should be based on the hierarchy of the space with the following as a recommendation:

Local Playspace

- Community Workshop
- Community Planting Day

District Playspace

- Community Workshop

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- Presentation of Draft Plan to community for comment
- Opening Ceremony and Fun Day

Regional Playspace

- Community Workshop
- Presentation of Draft Plan to community for comment at a workshop
- Presentation of Final Plan
- Opening Ceremony and Fun Day

3.3 Playspace Operation

Risk Management

Councils are required to conduct routine, operational and comprehensive inspections on a regular basis and these are a useful tool for identifying issues before they become a problem. Routine inspections are currently conducted on a weekly basis for all playspaces, irrespective of hierarchy; operational reporting is currently conducted on a monthly basis and comprehensive inspections have been conducted on a roughly biannual basis by an external consultant. All inspections are conducted by accredited inspectors so that they understand the intricacies of applying the safety standard.

Current inspection procedures:

Routine inspections are visual only with no record produced; obviously breakages, litter and safety concerns are the focus.

Operational inspections result in a paper record for each playspace which are saved as part of the asset management process. Items of concern are noted and acted upon.

Comprehensive inspections have most recently been conducted by Kico Playground Inspectors, resulting in a comprehensive report for maintenance priorities and cost implications.

A method for feeding inspection reporting into Council's Asset and Risk Management systems so that risks are highlighted would assist staff and management in resourcing repair and rectification work, minimise double-handling of data input and reduce the opportunity for error.

Conducting weekly inspections on all local playspaces may be considered 'over servicing'. More commonly, a frequency of inspection is applied based on the hierarchy of the playspace, as these hierarchies are a good indicator of frequency of use and therefore wear and tear. Signage at each playspace asking users to call Council's customer request system to report issues that require attention may be found to achieve the same outcome as weekly visits.

Development of a Playspace Management Policy and Procedures for the actions contained within that Policy will be priority internal developments to formalise Council's

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risk management with regard to playspaces.

AS/NZS4486, discussed in the next section, provides guidelines for a safety management system, including the frequency of inspections, maintenance timetables, inspection checklists and policy guidelines.

Legislation and Safety Standards

Playspace provision is governed in Australia by a number of legislative requirements, codes and practices, including:

Disability Discrimination Act 1992

Building Code of Australia (BCA)

Duty of Care and Due Diligence

Best Practice

A range of Australian Standards (AS) also relate directly or indirectly to the provision and management of playspaces. It is important to note that Australian Standards are not mandatory, but are legally recognised as the minimum acceptable standard required in a particular subject. Therefore a person or organisation that does not meet the relevant standards is more likely to be found liable if a claim is made. Where ambiguities arise it is always important to ensure due diligence is applied, ensuring adequate duty of care has been used.

Currently the most relevant Australian Standards include:

| Standard | Application |
|--------------|--|
| AS1428 | Design for Access and Mobility |
| AS/NZS4360 | Risk Management |
| AS ISO 31000 | Risk Management |
| AS4685.1 | Playground Equipment – General safety requirements and test methods |
| AS4685.2 | Playground Equipment – Particular safety requirements and test methods for swings |
| AS4685.3 | Playground Equipment – Particular safety requirements and test methods for slides |
| AS4685.4 | Playground Equipment – Particular safety requirements and test methods for cableways |
| AS4685.5 | Playground Equipment – Particular safety requirements and test methods for carousels |
| AS4685.6 | Playground Equipment – Particular safety requirements and test methods for rocking equipment |
| AS4685.11 | Playground Equipment – Particular safety requirements and test methods for spatial networks |
| AS2555 | Supervised Adventure Playgrounds - Guide to Establishment & Administration |

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| Standard | Application |
|----------|---|
| AS4685.0 | Playgrounds & Playground Equipment - Development, Installation, |
| | Inspection, Maintenance & Operation |
| AS4422 | Playground Surfacing - Specifications, Requirements & Test |
| | Methods |

AS4685.0 – Playgrounds and Playground Equipment: Development, Installation, Inspection, Maintenance and Operation is particularly relevant for council in relation to the long-term operational management of playspaces.



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Local Level Playspace, Wiare Reserve, Orange City Council

PART 4 - Play Provision in the Orange LGA

4.1 Current Provision - Quantity

Spatial Analysis

There are two methods commonly used to assess the adequacy of provision of playspaces within an LGA. The first assesses the spatial supply, based on catchment criteria for each hierarchy of park. The second is rate of supply per population.

A combination of these assessment tools, including a comparison with similar LGAs provides some guide as to the adequacy of provision, but should be tempered with an understanding of the intricacies of each LGA, which may affect both the figures, and desired outcomes.

The maps on the following pages show the current supply of playspaces at Local, District and Regional level, throughout the Orange LGA, indicating the corresponding catchment size for each hierarchy indicated. A good level of coverage would see 95% of the urban residential population covered by each hierarchy of catchment.

Although the catchment for regional playspaces misses the south of Orange, in principle the provision of the Orange Adventure Playground, with its high level of amenity provision, is adequate for a city of this size. This is a playspace that is most likely accessed by children being driven there.

It is evident from the mapping however, that the supply of both district level and local level playspaces does not reach the recommended coverage, despite the great improvements made by Council in the last ten years. The problematic aspect of the type of urban spawl that Orange accepts on its outer fringes makes playspace provision more difficult.

It is the local and district playspaces that are most important in providing children with the many benefits of playspaces discussed earlier in this report. A regular distribution throughout the residential areas of the LGA ensure equity of access for all, particularly children who do not have the opportunity to be taken to a park by a carer.

It should also be noted that where playspace catchment is impacted upon by roads, railway lines and other elements that block access by children, then additional supply is required to fulfil the need, particularly with local and district level parks as these are key in creating a walkable, equitable city. Major infrastructure causing these types of barriers to access in Orange are the Northern Distributor Road, Southern Feeder Road and the rail-lines running north-south and east-west.

Figures 4.1.4 and 4.1.5 show the evaluation of coverage of play spaces as a proportion of urban residential area. The 400m radius is an accepted simple standard used for assessment of open space adequacy; Orange achieves 49% coverage using this method. The 750m radius is quoted in the Orange Community Strategic Plan, however has no recognised planning basis; Orange achieves 95% coverage using this method. The implication of using the much larger distance is the expectation that children walk considerably further to reach a playspace.

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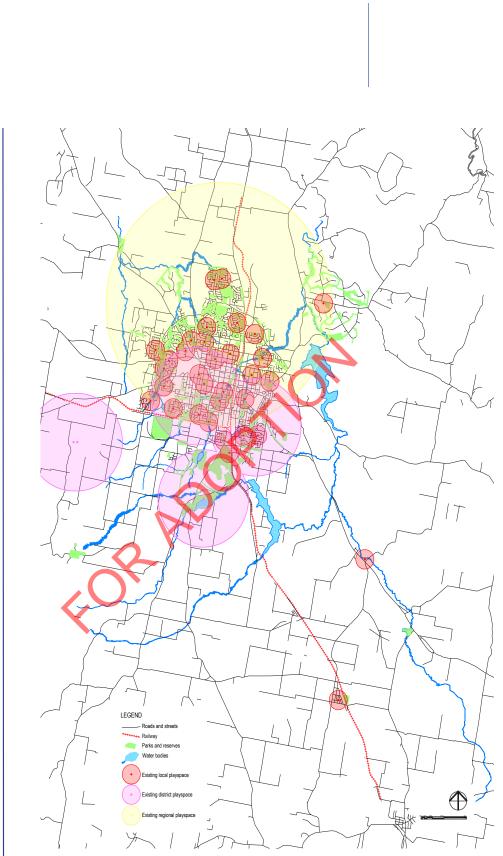


Figure 4.1.1 Playspaces throughout the Orange City Council LGA, shown with their respective catchment size

Figure 4.1.2 Playspaces within the urban area of Orange, shown with their respective catchment size

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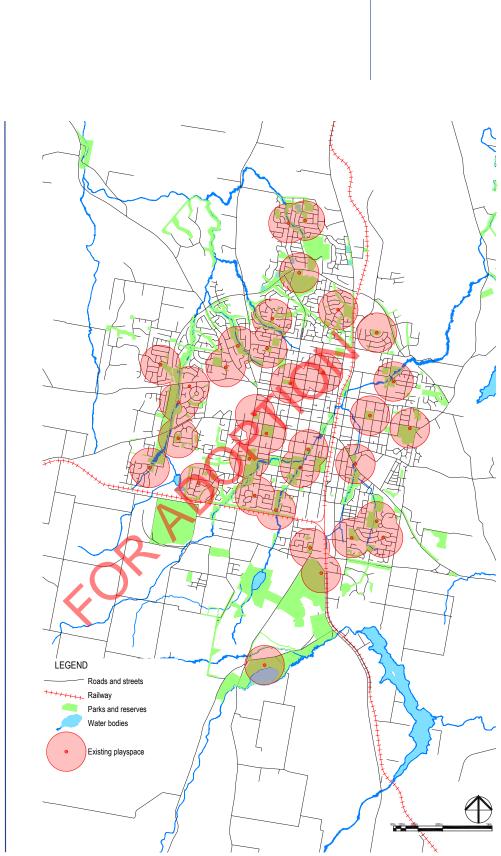


Figure 4.1.3 Playspaces within the urban area of Orange, shown with a Local Level playspace catchment size

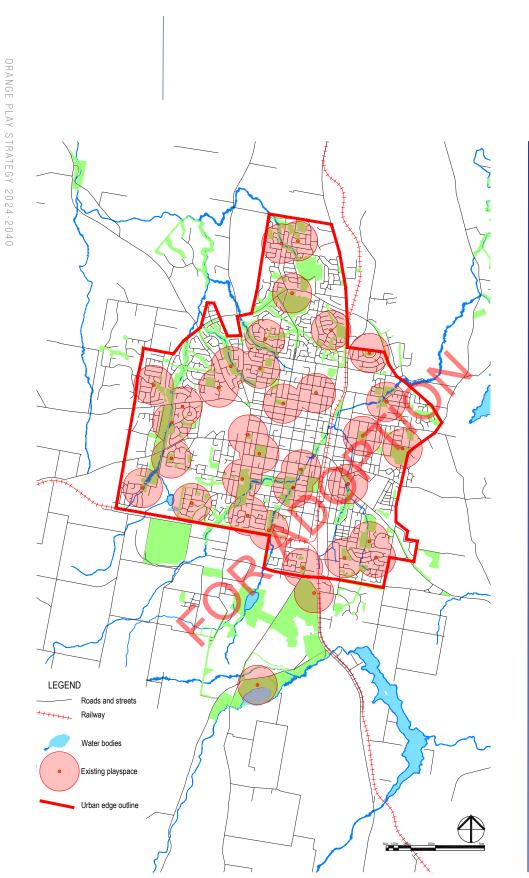


Figure 4.1.4 Playspaces within the urban area of Orange, shown with a 400m catchment, 49% coverage

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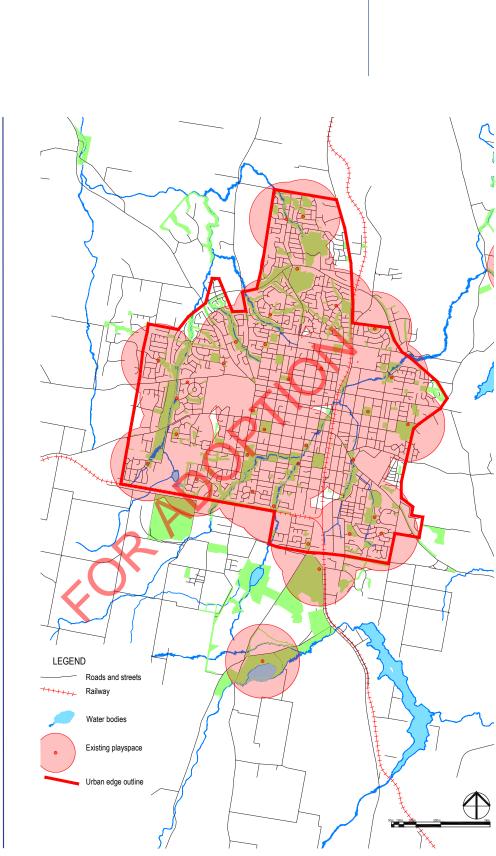


Figure 4.1.5 Playspaces within the urban area of Orange, shown with a 750m catchment, 95% coverage

Rate of Supply

When assessing the rate of supply per population, Orange City Council currently provides and maintains 37 playspaces (within the urban area plus 2 at Lake Canobolas) which, when measured against the 2021 population of 43,512 results in a rate of provision of 1 playspace for 1,176 people.

Rate of supply is a less reliable method of assessment as it varies markedly between LGAs; every LGA is different however and one community may have different aspirations than another. A comparison with similar cities can provide a guide to messure against.

The following table provides a comparison of the rates of playspace provision between Orange and other LGAs in regional NSW. A review of the figures shows that Orange provides playspaces at an average level of the other LGAs.

| | Pop. | No. of | Approx. | Play- | Rate | Rate Per | Rate Per |
|------------|--------|----------|---------|----------|----------------|-----------|-----------------|
| | | Children | Urban | spaces | Per | Children | Area |
| | | (under | Area | | Pop. | | |
| Alb. un c | FC 000 | 15 yrs) | COlomo | 00 | 1 | 1 - 117 | 1 |
| Albury | 56,093 | 10,571 | 63km2 | 90 | 1 per 623 | 1 per 117 | 1 per 0.5km2 |
| | (2021) | | | | | children | U.SKITIZ |
| Bathurst | 43,567 | 8,169 | 32km2 | 30 | poeple | 1 per 272 | 1 nor |
| Dailiursi | (2021) | 0,109 | SZKIIIZ | 30 | 1 per 1,452 | children | 1 per 1km2 |
| | (2021) | | | | people | Criliaren | IKIIIZ |
| Dubbo | 54,922 | 11,512 | 26km2 | 23 | 1 per | 1 per 501 | 1 per |
| Dubbo | (2021) | 11,512 | ZUKITIZ | 23 | 2,388 | children | 1km2 |
| | (2021) | | , | \ | people | Crindren | IRITIZ |
| Lithgow | 20,842 | 3,417 | 26km2 | 41 | 1 per | 1 per 83 | 1 per |
| | (2021) | , | | | 508 | children | 0.6km2 |
| | (===:, | | | | people | | |
| Orange | 43,512 | 9,384 | 29km2 | 37* | 1 per | 1 per 254 | 1 per |
| | (2021) | X | | | 1,176 | children | 0.78km2 |
| | | | | | people | | |
| Tamworth | 63,070 | 12,704 | 28km2 | 49 | 1 per | 1 per 259 | 1 per |
| | (2021) | | | | 1,287 | children | 0.6km2 |
| | | | | | people | | |
| Average | | | | | 1,252 | 246 | 1 per |
| (not incl. | | | | | | | 0.74km2 |
| Orange) | | | | | | | |

Table 4.1: Rates of Provision of Playspaces; Regional City Comparison

The Hornsby Shire Play Plan quotes an average rate of supply across Australia as 1:1,000 (however their source cannot be verified).

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^{*}Orange provides 39 playspaces total with 2 provided outside of the LGA (at Lake Canobolas).

Areas of Use

In assessing the distribution of playspaces throughout the LGA it is understood that the need for playspaces is not necessarily related to where children live. Many children are cared for by people in different areas of the City, and by those with different degrees of mobility. Some children are allowed to roam some distance from home, others not far at all. For the purpose of this strategy, it has been accepted that there should be an equitable distribution of playspaces throughout the urban areas of the Orange LGA.

A key consideration is that local playspaces are an important part of children's growth through providing them destinations close to home and in encouraging them to exercise in their neighbourhood. Local playspaces are designed to be short-stay places and are an important part of the urban environment and healthy neighbourhoods. In addition, these spaces often provide trees and habitat for native animals so should be regarded as assets to the community.

Accessibility to playspaces is however, an important factor in providing that equitable distribution. As discussed previously, where there are major impediments to access by walking, such as a busy road, then the provision of playspaces within walking distance either side of the road should be considered.

There are certain areas around the fringes of the City that, although they are considered urban, it is difficult to justify the provision of playspaces at the same rate as other urban areas. This is due to their extremely low density, and the implications of providing playspaces within 400m of residences; the rate of provision per child in these areas would be much higher when compared to other parts of the city and, with few footpaths and very large yards in these areas it could be argued that usership would be further reduced. These areas include Clifton Grove, Ammerdown and the North-west of the city around Gorman Road and Murphy Lane.

4.2 Current Provision - Quality

The assessment of quality in a playspace can be made based on a number of factors. For example, the Comprehensive Playground Audit conducted by Kico in 2022 assigned play ratings to each playspace as an indication of their state of repair, location and expected use. This Strategy aims to go beyond maintenance requirements for the supply of equipment and therefore must consider the range of elements discussed in Part 2 to achieve a well-rounded assessment.

Appendix A1 contains a matrix of existing playspaces, scored based on their provision of a range of play categories, a range of age-appropriate play value and the amount of amenity also provided. The resultant scores are then assigned a Play and Community Value.

The values assigned to the existing playspaces, compared to their score in 2013 are below:

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| Play Space Name | 2013 Score | 2023 Score | Play and Community Value |
|-------------------------------------|---------------|------------|--------------------------------|
| Orange Adventure Playground | 22.0 | 22.0 | Very High |
| Cook Park | 15.5 | 16.5 | High |
| Elephant Park | 17.0 | 16.0 | High |
| Glenroi Oval | 10.0 | 16.0 | High |
| Gosling Creek Reserve | 18.0 | 18.0 | High |
| John Lomas Skate Park | 17.5 | 17.5 | High |
| Lake Canobolas Reserve Area 1 | 22.5 | 22* | High |
| Lake Canobolas Reserve Area 2 | 22.5 | 20* | High |
| Sir Jack Brabham Park | | 20.5 | High |
| Alf Reed Park | 12.5 | 12.5 | Medium \ |
| Alua Playground | 9.0 | 10.0 | Medium |
| Anzac Park Skatepark | | 10.0 | Medium |
| Beech Cr | 12.5 | 12.5 | Medium |
| Brooklands Playground | | 13.0 | Medium |
| Clifton Grove Mud Hut | 14.0 | 13.0 | Medium |
| Esso Park | 11.5 | 13 | Medium |
| Jaeger Reserve | | 13.5 | Medium |
| Keith Thomas Park | 12.0 | 13.0 | Medium |
| Kerr Place | 12.0 | 12.0 | Medium |
| Lady Cutler Playground | | 14.0 | Medium |
| Larance Park | | 15.5 | Medium |
| Leonie Healy Park | 12.5 | 11.5 | Medium |
| Margaret Stevenson Park - Equipment | 10.0 | 11.0 | Medium |
| Matthews Park | | 15.0 | Medium |
| Memory Park | 12.0 | 11.0 | Medium |
| Mulga Bills | 13.0 | 13.0 | Medium |
| Nelson Park | | 13.5 | Medium |
| Newman Park | 14.0 | 14.0 | Medium |
| Ratcliffe Park | 13.5 | 13.5 | Medium |
| Sir Neville Howse Park | 9.5 | 11.5 | Medium |
| Somerset Park | 14.5 | 14.5 | Medium |
| Stirling Park | | 12.0 | Medium |
| Sullivan Reserve | | 13.0 | Medium |
| Webb St Park | | 13.0 | Medium |
| Wentworth Mine Site | 14.0 | 13.0 | Medium |
| Wiare Reserve | 14.0 | 13.0 | Medium |
| William Maker Playground | | 11.0 | Medium |
| Elonera Playground | 8.5 | 8.5 | Low |
| Riawena Oval | 7.5 | 11.0 | Low |

^{*}Lake Canobolas Reserve Area 1 and 2 were previously scored together, achieving a higher total score, however separately they score less, as they have different types of provision. These playspaces could achieve higher scores if they were more accessible and if they provided greater play diversity.

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Generally, the Play and Community Value for playspaces in Orange are as expected. Regional and District level playspaces should score High or Very High and Local playspaces should be Medium.

The matrix also provides a means to assess overall current provision of types of play, amenity and age group provision. It shows that about half of all playspaces provide some play opportunities for Toddlers, most for 3-6 year olds and all but two provide for 6-12 year olds.

Youth (over 12 year olds) are provided for in 9 playspaces, including the two skate parks, the two playspaces at Lake Canobolas and Gosling Creek Reserve. This leaves 4 playspaces around town where youth are catered for. It would be beneficial to consider more provision for this age group in locations around the urban area, particularly as this age group is most likely to be the most mobile close to home, and therefore seeking recreation opportunities.

Active Play and Social Play are well provided for within the existing equipment provided, however Cognitive and Creative play, along with Communicative Play are not well catered for. Cognitive and creative play is a cornerstone of play provision; the British National Children's Bureau paper 'Play, creativity and emotional and social development' (2004) states that, "Unlocking creativity is perhaps one of the most important tools we have for creating an integrated and inclusive society..."

Most playspaces are inaccessible to those confined to a wheelchair or requiring a smooth surface for movement. Only 6 playspaces provide for some level of accessible play and there is no playspace currently nominated as an accessible playspace. The provision of a fully accessible playspace with fencing and appropriate change table amenities would be an asset to Orange and surrounding areas. The renewed Adventure Playground is largely fenced and includes accessible play amenity, however the gate is not closed and there isn't an adult change facility, which is considered a requirement by Variety/Livvies Place when designing accessible playspaces.

Nine playspaces currently provide an adequate level of shade, with a further 15 spaces with tree planting that will become good shade. Although the final 15 have no shade immediately adjacent the playground, there is generally trees in the park nearby, which is important for carer amenity.

Diversity of equipment provision throughout the City's playspaces has grown significantly over the last 10 years, however most still cater for active play.

Increasing diversity of play provision through landscape design, incorporating mounds, planting and opportunities for free (unprogrammed) play should be considered. Nature play is a currently over-looked type of play provision within formal playspaces throughout the LGA, although there are numerous examples of opportunity for this type of play, such as safe creek-lines and trees within parks. Opportunities could be expanded by incorporating nature play elements through planting areas using boulders and logs.

Water play can be a valuable asset in play provision, providing an exciting attraction to children and lots of active play when the weather is warm. Water play can also provide an additional opportunity for cognitive and creative play, and social play, when it incorporates a simple a simple creek with sluices and integrated sand play.

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PART 5 - Play Management

5.1 Maintenance

Ongoing maintenance and risk management assessments are required as part of the Standard for provision of playground equipment AS 4486.1 and is discussed in Section 3.3. A recommendation of this Strategy is that all routine, operational and comprehensive inspection procedures be reviewed with reference to the Standard and to agreed service levels by park hierarchy. The Standard provides check-lists that can be adapted to integrate with Council's Risk Management system, to provide live reporting of maintenance issues. A handheld device for maintenance staff to use integrated with the Council system is integral to stream-lining the system.

Graffiti and Vandalism

Graffiti 'tagging' and vandalism can be minimised by ensuring equipment is appropriate to the age groups of an area and by working with community members to create a positive sense of ownership for what happens in the park.

In parks where conflicts are seen to arise between two user groups, it may be beneficial to work with the local community to enhance the park so that it is attractive for use by a broader cross-section of the community beyond the two groups and to help establish multiple areas for 'hanging-out' within the park to eliminate conflict of use.

The benefits of higher levels of park user-ship are physical (lower rates of vandalism) and social (interaction of users and user groups yields positive community and psychological effects).

5.2 Design

Each new or renewed playspace should undergo a comprehensive design process the year before implementation is planned. Sites should be assessed for:

- Ease of access
- Slope
- Shade
- Views into the park for passive surveillance
- Proximity to roads
- Natural/existing features that can be utilised in the design

The surrounding community should be considered as part of the design process as well, utilising any significant cultural elements where possible to engender originality in the site and provide a sense of ownership. This is best achieved through a community consultation forum.

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Section 3 of this Strategy provides clear guidelines for consideration during the design of a playspace and, to assist this process, a works programme has been developed (Appendix A4: Playspace Works Programme) recommending the theme, age groups and play types that should be included as a minimum for each park.

The hierarchy of the park also determines what amenity should be provided within each park and how extensive each playspace should be.

Incorporating Planting

Rocks and natural features have been used extensively throughout nature based playspaces for years and are accepted as valuable elements in providing diversity. Studies over recent years have focussed on the value of providing planting within playspaces, with particular attention drawn to the effects of planting within fall zones. Apart of the aesthetic improvements gained from the incorporation of planting, preliminary results of the research is showing that native grass species have a high impact attenuation value and help preserve the lifespan of wood chip soft-fall. For this reason, this Strategy recommends the incorporation of native grasses such as Poa sp. and small forms of Lomandra (such as Tanika) within playspaces where practical.

Fencing

Orange City Council currently provides one playspaces with child-proof fencing. Some user groups, such as child-care providers are required to only use playspaces with child-proof fencing and therefore request it's provision in more playspaces. However, the provision of fencing potentially removes the incidental use of a space by children in their neighbourhood. Therefore, parks where children are most likely to arrive at the space with a carer are the only appropriate spaces for fencing.

This Strategy recommends the installation of fencing at selected District level playspaces. The playspace at Sir Jack Brabham Park is an appropriate location to select for fencing and elevating to District level (as toilets and car parking are already present). This space could then be enhanced as an accessible playspace. It is unlikely that this space is walked to by local children, so the inclusion of fencing may not inhibit incidental play.

Shade

Shade is one of the most important pieces of infrastructure that parks and playspaces provide. It increases the well-being of users (and carers) and makes spaces more attractive for use. Natural shade is far more attractive, and more effective at cooling, than man-made alternatives, such as shade sails. However, trees can take years to establish.

Given that, tree planting should be considered a priority in parks where playspaces are planned for the future. Playspaces should also be sited in parks with established shade.

The provision of shade sails should be prioritised for Regional and District playspaces, due to cost and because people spend longer in these playspaces. Tree planting for shade should be a priority in all playspaces.

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5.3 Marketing/ Promotion

An important element in ensuring a community focussed network of play throughout the City is communicating with potential users about the network; where it is and what it offers

This Strategy recommends creating a communications plan for the network of play which includes the following:

- Enhance the existing on-line platform providing information about the play network
- Signage linking to the on-line information and brochure



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Temporary Indoor Playspace, Orange City Council

PART 6 - Priorities and Action Plan

6.1 Play Planning

Reclassification of Existing Playspaces

This Strategy has revised the existing hierarchy of playspaces within the LGA to more closely fit the actual playspace level of service, rather than that of the whole park.

Of the 39 playspaces reviewed in the Comprehensive Playground Audit there were 6 listed as Regional (2 at Lake Canobolas), 1 as a District level and 32 as Local level playspaces.

Following this reclassification of existing playspaces, the resulting number of playspaces is 1 Regional, 5 District and 36 Local, currently supplied by Orange City Council.

Future Supply

The analysis provided in Part 4 indicates that Orange City Council may wish to increase the number of playspaces provided throughout the City; particularly at the Local level, if it is to come close to the accepted norm of supplying a playspace within 400m radius of 95% of residents.

Both a spatial and a rate of provision analysis can be used to determine how many playspaces the City should seek to provide.

Figure 6.1.1 is a spatial analysis of existing and proposed future playspace provision throughout the City (including current urban release areas). It illustrates Council providing a total of 62 playspaces (with 400m radius). Additional playspaces are recommended in areas where provision is below industry standards and where Council owned land is available. The additional playspaces bring the spatial coverage to 65% coverage (Figure 6.1.2).

Six of the additional playspaces are shown indicatively in urban release areas so are shown as developed after 2032. For the purpose of our rate of provision analysis below we will assume the need for 56 playspace in the life of this plan.

The NSW Department of Planning projections suggest the population of Orange will be 50,809 in 2040. For a rate of provision analysis of playspace provision, we use the population projection and the figure for the 2022 proportion of the population that was under the age of 15 (21.5%), and extrapolate that to the future population. This results in an estimate of approximately 10,924 children in the city in 2040. To provide 62 playspaces results in a rate of supply per projected population of 1 per 820 residents and 1 per 176 children.

Albury currently provides playspaces at a rate of 1 per 623 residents and 1 per 117 children, while Lithgow provides them at a rate of 1 per 508 residents and 1 per 83 children. To contrast regional provision versus metropolitan provision, Hornsby Shire Council is aiming to supply 1 play space per 1,148 people by 2035. The higher rate of

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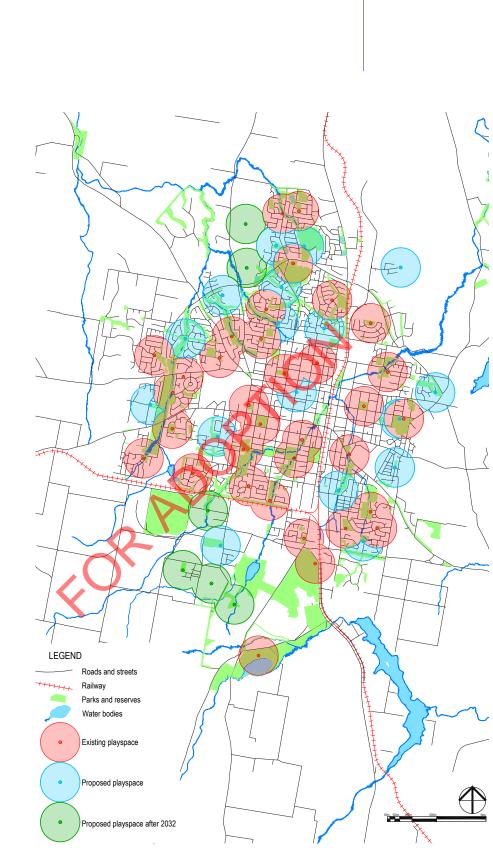


Figure 6.1.1 Existing and Proposed Playspaces within the urban area of Orange, shown with local catchment size



Brush tent and communication board, Albert Park, Cootamundra (sala4D)

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usership per playspace is accommodated through providing play spaces of a higher quality, such as a District level play space rather than a Local level space.

Therefore, this Strategy recommends providing the 62 playspaces identified in the spatial analysis, by the year 2040.

6.2 Priorities and Action Plan

Due to the current state of repair and forecast budget for playspaces, the Comprehensive Playground Audit stated that "the rationalisation and upgrade of existing playgrounds should be the priority over the development of any further new playgrounds" (Kico, 2022). This was based on analysis by Kico of the value of the existing asset, repair costs, a forecast replacement schedule and estimated replacement values for the equipment, to establish cost. This cost schedule was then compared to existing recurrent expenditure budgeting by Council.

The position of only maintaining the existing playspace provision at current levels is incompatible with the Vision of this Strategy and therefore it is clear that additional funding must be sought to provide for the development of new spaces. It is also clear that the installation and replacement values of playspaces should be reviewed along with other cost saving measures, such as grant application and (potentially) rationalisation of some impractical portions of open space.

Repairs

Recurrent expenditure on repair of play equipment is currently approximately \$34,000 with most works completed by staff, accounting for 80% of one staff member's time.

The Comprehensive Playground Audit identified a range of repairs for the year 2023/24, ranging from Priority A: requiring attention within 1 week, to Priority D: to be attended to when there is a sight upgrade or replacement of equipment. Orange City's playgrounds had no Priority A requirements, 59 priority B, 18 Priority C and 33 priority D repairs recorded at that time. The estimated cost of those repairs is shown in Figure 6.2.1 below.

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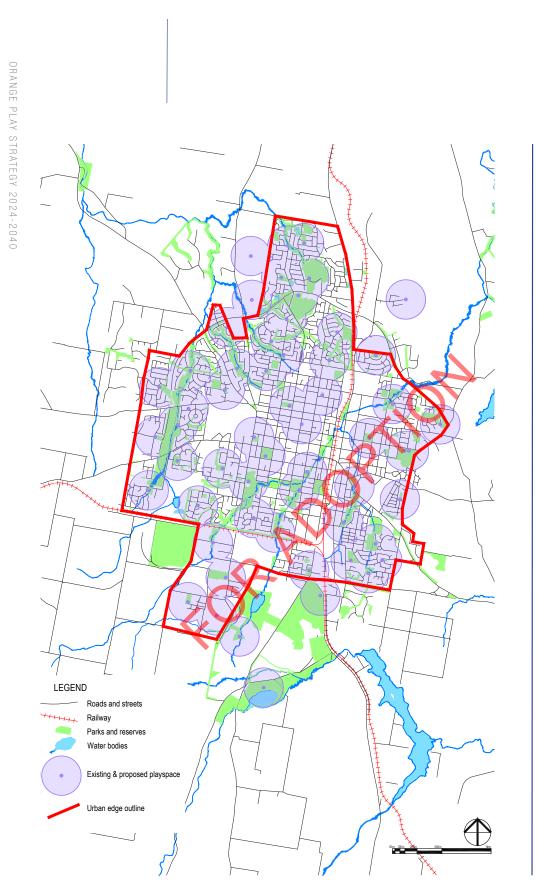


Figure 6.1.2 Existing and Proposed Playspaces within the urban area of Orange, shown with local catchment size

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Figure 6.2.1: Estimated Cost of Repairs by Priority 2022 (Kico, 2022)

As the playspace resource expands it can be expected that the cost of repairs will expand also. The installation of well-constructed new equipment that is suitable to the community it serves and is completed through a design process that engages the community to achieve some sense of ownership, should however, see a reduction in repairs proportionally.

The tracking of repair works through the asset management system should also yield some cost benefits due to the reporting and analysis of defects and repairs throughout the play network.

Kico Recommended Replacement Forecast

The Comprehensive Playground Audit also recommended a list of equipment replacements based on a variety of factors including age and location of the playground, usage and compliance with Australian Standards. The audit sets an annual replacement forecast from 2023 to 2042 with a minimum annual spend of \$80,000 to keep the base asset at its current standard. This forecast is shown graphically in Figure 6.2.2 below.

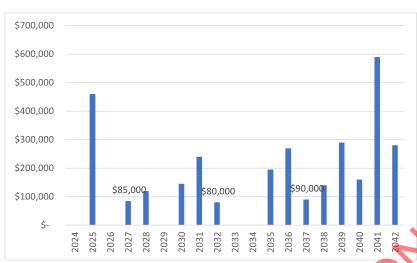


Figure 6.2.2: Kico Forecast for Recommended Park Replacement/Upgrade to Maintain Current Asset (Kico, 2022)

New Playspaces

The Strategy recommends a total of 62 playspaces throughout the City by the year 2040, including 15 new Local playspaces and 2 new District level playspaces.

Planning the location and priority of additional playspaces has been conducted using the following approach:

- Spatial analysis of existing playspaces, Council managed land and opportunities for new spaces; and,
- Review of barriers such as large roads and rail-lines and their impact on playspace location and accessibility.

As previously noted, even with this level of development, it is evident that there are still some areas throughout the LGA that fall outside of the standard catchment zones. This is a demonstration of the effects of low-density development on local councils ability to provide services. Higher density metropolitan areas have the capacity to generate more rate revenue which may be invested in play spaces to enable them to be built within 400m of all residences. Conversely, due to the higher densities they will also have a rate of supply figure per child that appears worse than less dense areas.

The delivery of a range of types of playspaces that cater for all ages is an important theme of this Strategy. A focus on provision for older children (6-12 years old) is a priority for Local hierarchy playspaces, however, as this is the group exercising their free roam opportunities and therefore most likely to benefit from appropriate provision within walking distance. More teen amenity is also recommended.

The establishment of nature based playspaces includes a very different type of provision

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to the traditional playspaces found throughout the city. This type of playspace relies more on careful design than expensive play equipment. Use of specialist playspace designers may be of cost benefit in the initial stages of implementing these elements of the Strategy until staff are well versed in how this can best be provided.

Broader open space planning is of great significance in ensuring the success of Playspaces; specific considerations include:

- High quality connectivity through the provision of paths throughout parkland
- Pedestrian crossing points with blisters on roads between parkland
- Provision of basic amenity such as drinking water, seating for carers and shade
- Co-location of amenity where possible to increase park use
- Minimisation of backs of houses bordering open space
- Maintenance of sight-lines through open space, through judicial placement of tree and shrub planting and maintenance of undergrowth

6.3 Playspace Cost

Increasing the number of playspaces throughout the LGA could potentially result in significant increases in expenditure by Council, both in installation and maintenance. This Strategy aims to determine the key factors in Playspace design and delivery and therefore to realise cost savings through focussing on need.

Hierarchy

An essential element of recognising hierarchy in playspace delivery is that each level is fulfilling a different need and therefore the provision requirements in each is quite different. In Section 3.1 the elements included in parks at each hierarchy were listed, demonstrating these critical differences. As such, the delivery of playspaces at each level will have significantly different cost implications.

Suggested replacement/installation values for each hierarchy are:

Local playspace \$80,000-\$100,000

District playspace \$170,000-\$250,000

Regional playspace \$2mill

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Figure 6.2.3 Existing and Proposed Playspaces within the urban area of Orange, shown with their relative catchment size

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6 AUGUST 2024

Budget Allocation

This Strategy provides a Playspace Works Programme (Appendix A3), recommending an annual budget allocation of at fromt \$80,000 to \$290,000 per annum over the next 15 years.

Figure 6.3.1 Illustrates the cost implication of the delivery schedule proposed, based on the cost estimates above. Scheduling of expenditure is based on Kico's renewal recommendations for existing playspaces and managing construction of new playspaces to maintain a consistent year on year budget.

The Kico schedule for urgent renewals creates a backlog of work that inhibits delivery of new playspaces; these may need to be spread across the next few years to be achievable.



Figure 6.3.1 Expenditure Forecast for Playspace Provision to 2040

Life Cycle Planning

The currently used Kico replacement forecast for play equipment is based on a standard equipment life span of 15 years. This strategy sees no reason to diverge from this figure however, it may be found that with less reliance on off-the-shelf play equipment, life spans of elements of playspaces may well exceed this figure. It is also important to note that spaces that experience particularly high usage levels are likely to wear at a faster rate than others.

Staging

The Playspace Works Programme in Appendix A3 recommends a staging programme for replacement of existing spaces and provision of new spaces based on existing need, anticipated growth and demographic considerations.

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6.4 Management Action Plan

The actions and works programme provided in this Strategy will become part of the management and operational plans used by Council to develop long-term budgets and works schedules. Strategies recommended are designed to assist the Asset Management process and provide more stream-lined management.

Community Involvement

It is clear from the existing play resource that community and service club involvement in the establishment of playspaces throughout the city has been an important element in their delivery. An aim of this Strategy is the re-engagement of the community in partnering with Council for a new era in playspace development in the City. It should be an aim for the provision of future playspaces to seek to partner with community groups wherever possible.

Play Strategy Review

This Strategy is designed to be a 'living' document that should be referred to regularly and progress assessed against schedules etc. A four year review is recommended.

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Figure 6.4 Cook Park, Orange City Council

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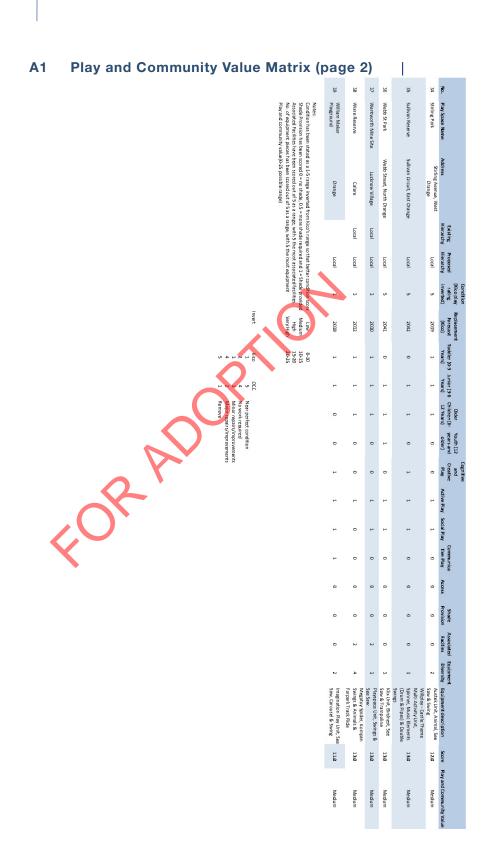
Appendix

- A1 Play and Community Value Matrix
- A2 Playspace Works Programme
- A3 Playspace Works Programme Play Values for New Installations



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| | | | | | | | A | 1 | P | la | ıy a | ar | ıd | C | or | nm | unit | y | Va | alue | Matr | ı) xi | oa | ge | 1) | | | | | | |
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| | a | ĸ | 뀰 | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24 | 23 | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16 | 14 | t | 12 | Ħ | 10 9 | w | 7 | on | u | 4 | ww | p. | No. |
| | Somerset Park | Sir Neville Howse Park | Sir Jack Brabham Park | Riawena Oval | Ratcliffe Park | Orange Adventure Playground | Newman Park | Nelson Park | Mulga Bills | Memory Park | Matthews Park | - Equipment | Leonie Healy Park | Larance Park | Lake Canobolas Reserve Area 2 | Lake Canobolas Reserve Area 1 | Lady Cutler Playground | Kerr Place | John Lomas Skate Park | Jaeger Reserve | Gosling Creek Reserve | Glenroi Oval | Esso Park | Elephant Park | Cook Park | Clifton Grove Mud Hut | Brooklands Playground | Beech Cr | Alua Playground Anzac Park Skatepark | Alf Reed Park | Play Space Name |
| | Orange | Forest Road, South Orange | Orange | Calare | Bletchington | Orange | Bowen | Orange | Belair | Orange | Anson Street, Orange | Bowen | | Sunny South Crescent, South Orange | Towar Valle1 | Towar Valle1 | Jonathan Drive, West Orange | Rosewood | Orange | Orange | South Orange | Glenroi | Orange | Orange | Orange | Clifton Grove | Orange | Orange | Westlea Anzac Park, East Orange | Spring Hill Village | Address |
| | Ба | Local | | Local | Local | Regional | Local | | Local | Local | | Local | Local | | Regional | Regional | | Focal Focal | Regional | | Regional | Local | P02 | District | Regional | Local | | Local | Local | Local | Existing Hierarchy |
| | Local | Local | Local | Local | Local | Regional | Local | Local | Local | Local | Local | Local | Local | Local | District | District | Local | Local | Local | Local | District | District | 1003 | District | Local | Local | Local | Local | Local | Local | Proposed Hierarchy |
| | w | v | u | ţu | μ | W | ţu | u | W | w | 5 | 4 | ţ, | u | 3.0 | 4.0 | 4 | 4 10 | 4 | v | ω | - | D FO | w | v | Lui | 4 | ω | w 4 | ω | Condition (Kico play rating inverted) |
| | 2023 | 2042 | 2039 | 2028 | 2023 | 2025 | 2028 | 2041 | 2023 | 2023 | 2040 | 2038 | 2023 | 2041 | 2031 | 2036 | 2041 | 2027 | 2035 | 2041 | 2005 | 2042 | 2023 | 2031 | 2039 | 2030 | 2037 | 2035 | 2023 2035 | 2023 | Replacement Forecast (Kico) |
| | ь | | P | 0 | | ь | 0 | | ь | ь | P | 0 | 0 | ۰ | 0 | ь | р | <u>_</u> | | | Į. | | 10 | | 1 | 0 | Þ | | 0 0 | Р | |
| | ь | 0 | ₽ | 1 | 1 | ь | 1 | ₽ | 1 | P | 1 | Р | 0 | Þ | P | P | н | P P | 4 |) F | P | P | P P | P | 2 | ь | ı | ь | 0 12 | p | (0-3 Junior (|
| | La Cal | ь | ₽ | ц | 1 | ы | P | ъ. | ц | ц | 0 | P | ц | ₽ | 12 | ы | | p p |). | ь | p | ы | ц ц | ь | 1 | La Cal | ь | ъ | נק נק | دبو | Older Toddler (0-3 Junior (3-6 Children (6- Years) Years) 12 Years) |
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| | 0 | 0 | P | 0 | b | P | 0 | | 0 | 0 | P | 0 | 0 | 0 | Ž | 0 | 0 | 0 0 | | 0 | ь | o | 0 0 | | 0 | 0 | P | P | 0 0 | 0 | Cognitive 12 and 1d Creative Play |
| | Þ | ₽ | P | 1 | 1 | ь | 1 | _L | P | P | 1 | 1 | | 1 | ь | ₽ | 12 | р р | - 1 | Þ | Þ | P | p p | ь | 1 | 1 | Þ | 0 | p p | P | e Active Play |
| | pa eq | 0 | خبو | щ | ы | ы | 0 | ь | is in | | н | 6 | 1 | Þ | 12 | Þ | щ | 14 14 | - س | Þ | ь | ы | בן בן | ы | 1 | ь | ш | ь | щ ц | щ | ay Social Play |
| | 0 | 0 | pa | 0 | 0 | ₁ . | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | · | 0 | 1 | 0 | | | · pa | 0 0 | | 0 | | o | 00 | | 0 | 0 | ₽ | ь | 00 | pa , | Communica ay tive Play |
| | | 0 | ₽ | 0 | 0 | ь | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Þ | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | ь | 0 | 0 0 | Þ | 0 | | 0 | 00 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 0 | 0 | ica V Access |
| | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | ь | 0.5 | ь | 1 | 0.5 | р | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 1 | 0.5 | 0 | ь ь | 0.5 | 0.5 | o | 0 | 0.5 | ь | 0.5 | 0 | 0 | 0.5 | 0 12 | 0.5 | Shade Provision |
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| Uimber | Playspar Swings, I Unit, Spi Surfboar Birdnest | Moduplay Unit, Ride & Birdnest | Solutions Swing Ar Carousel | Playspace Unit | Megatoy Unit, 5 Toss Ball Tower | Custom Timber Swings & Items | Playquip Unit | Creative Solution Carouse | Ausplay Ride, 5w Animals | Gametir | Proludic Unit, Chime Post, Au Swing Combo | Swing | Gametime Uni | Moduple Swing, B | Playspar | Forpark CRS Bird Swing | Talk Tubes & Talk Tubes & Tunnels, Klix & Cableway | Megato) Pal Unit | & Birdne | Creative Re Solutions P Rocker, Bir & See Saw | Megato Comet, I and Net Swings, Climber | Proludic Combo, Rocker, I | Forpark Swings Megatoy Swings | Playspan Swings, I & Proluc | CRS Swi | Modupli | Moduplay Unit, Panels, Carouse Birdnest Swing | Kompan Activity | Kompan Swing | Ausplay Swing Animal, Track Standing Slide | |
| | Playspace Unit, Mirade Swings, Megatoy Teen Unit, Spin Seat & Surfboard, Kompan Birdnest, Brisge & Rock | Moduplay Unit, Track Ride & Birdnest | Solutions Unit, Birds Nest Swing, Animal & Mini Carousel | Playspace Unit | Megatoy Unit, Swings & Toss Ball Tower | Custom Timber Units, Swings & Items | Playquip Unit | Creative Recreation Solutions Play Unit, Rope Carousel & Swing Unit | Ausplay Unit, Scale, Track Ride, Swings, See Saw & Animals | Gametime Swings | Proludic Unit, Train, Chime Post, Animal & Swing Combo | Swing | Gametime Unit & Swings | Moduplay Unit, Animal, Swing, Balance Beams & Dommel Hone | Playspace In: Unit, Megatoy Snr Unit & Boat | Forpark Double Cableway, CRS Birdnest & Playspace Swing | For park Birdnest Swing, Talk Tubes & Concrete Tunnels, Klix Unit, Animal & Cableway | Megatoy Unit & Swings Pal Unit & Swings | & Birdnest Swing | Creative Recreation Solutions Play Unit, Rocker, Birds Nest Swing & See Saw | Megatoy Spida Unit, Comet, Spin Pole, Bridge and Net, Moduplay Swings, See Saw & Climber | Proludic Unit, Swing Combo, Hip Hop, Spin Rocker, Balance Rope, Carousel & Animal | Hegatoy Swings | Playspace Jnr & Snr Units, Swings, Carousel, Birdnet & Proludic Hip Hop | CRS Swing Combo | Moduplay Unit, Swings & Proludic See Saw Spinner | Moduplay Unit, Animal, Panels, Carousel & Birdnest Swing | Kompan Unit & Train Activity | Swing | Ausplay Swings, Scale, Animal, Track Ride & Free Standing Slide | Equipment description |
| | 145 | 11.5 | 20.5 | 11.0 | 13.5 | 22.0 | 14.0 | 135 | 13.0 | 11.0 | 15.0 | 11.0 | 11.5 | 15.5 | 17.0 | 17.5 | 14.0 | 12.0 | 17.5 | 13.5 | 18.0 | 16.0 | 10.5 | 16.0 | 16.5 | 13.0 | 13.0 | 12.5 | 10.0 | 12.5 | Score |
| | Medium | Medum | High | Low | Medum | Very High | Medium | Medium | Medum | Medium | Medum | Medium | Medum | Medum | High | High | Medum | Medum | High | Medum | Нgh | High | Medum | High | High | Medium | Medum | Medum | Medum Medum | Medium | Play and Community Value |



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A2 Playspace Works Programme

| | | | | | Forecast | | | |
|--------------------------|--|-------------------------------|--------------------|----------|--------------|------------|----|------------------|
| | | | | | Replacement/ | New/ | | |
| No. | Play Space Name | Address | Existing Hierarchy | | New Install | Renewal | | al Cost |
| | 1 Alf Reed Park | Spring Hill Village | Local | Local | | Renewal | \$ | 80,00 |
| | 2 Alua Playground | Westlea | Local | Local | | Renewal | \$ | 50,00 |
| | 3 Anzac Park Skatepark | Anzac Park, East Orange | Local | Local | 2035 | | | |
| | 4 Beech Cr | Orange | Local | Local | 2035 | | | |
| | 5 Brooklands Playground | Orange | | Local | 2037 | | | |
| 6 | 6 Clifton Grove Mud Hut | Clifton Grove | Local | Local | 2030 | Renewal | \$ | 50,00 |
| 7 | 7 Cook Park | Orange | Regional | Local | 2039 | | | |
| 8 | B Elephant Park | Orange | District | District | 2031 | Renewal | \$ | 200,00 |
| 9 | 9 Elonera Playground | Orange | Local | Local | 2025 | Renewal | \$ | 50,00 |
| 10 |) Esso Park | Orange | Local | Local | 2027 | Renewal | \$ | 50,00 |
| 11 | 1 Glenroi Oval | Glenroi | Local | District | 2042 | | | |
| 12 | 2 Gosling Creek Reserve | South Orange | Regional | District | 2025 | Renewal | \$ | 250,00 |
| 13 | 3 Jaeger Reserve | Orange | | Local 🔷 | 2041 | | | |
| 14 | 4 John Lomas Skate Park | Orange | Regional | Local | 2035 | | | |
| 15 | 5 Keith Thomas Park | Bletchington | Local | Local | 2027 | Renewal | \$ | 100,00 |
| 16 | 6 Kerr Place | Rosewood | Local | Local | 2026 | Renewal | \$ | 50,00 |
| | 7 Lady Cutler Playground | Jonathan Drive, West Orange | | Local | 2041 | | | |
| | B Lake Canobolas Reserve Area | | Regional | District | 2036 | | | |
| | Lake Canobolas Reserve Area | | Regional | District | | Renewal | \$ | 200,00 |
| | y zako Ganopokao nobento niba | Sunny South Crescent, South | подголит | Diotilot | 2001 | Honorat | Ψ | 200,00 |
| 20 |) Larance Park | Orange | | Local | 2041 | | | |
| | 1 Leonie Healy Park | Glenroi | Local | Local | | Renewal | \$ | 100,00 |
| | <u> </u> | | | Local | 2027 | nellewal | Ф | 100,00 |
| | 2 Margaret Stevenson Park - | Bowen | Local | | | | | |
| | 3 Matthews Park | Anson Street, Orange | | Local | 2040 | | | 50.00 |
| | 4 Memory Park | Orange | Local | Local | | Renewal | \$ | 50,00 |
| | 5 Mulga Bills/Sieben Park | Belair | Local | Local | | Renewal | \$ | 80,00 |
| | 3 Nelson Park | Orange | | Local | 2041 | | | |
| | 7 Newman Park | Bowen | Local | Local | | Renewal | \$ | 100,00 |
| 28 | 3 Orange Adventure Playground | | | | 2045 | | | |
| 29 | 9 Ratcliffe Park | Bletchington | Local | Local | 2029 | Renewal | \$ | 50,00 |
| 30 | O Riawena Oval | Calare | Local | Local | 2028 | Renewal | \$ | 80,00 |
| 31 | 1 Sir Jack Brabham Park | Orange | | Local | 2039 | | | |
| 32 | 2 Sir Neville Howse Park | Forest Road, South Orange | Local | Local | 2042 | | | |
| 33 | 3 Somerset Park | Orange | Local | Local | 2026 | Renewal | \$ | 80,00 |
| 34 | 4 Stirling Park | Stirling Avenue, West Orange | | Local | 2039 | | | |
| 35 | 5 Sullivan Reserve | Sullivan Circuit, East Orange | | Local | 2042 | | | |
| 36 | 6 Webb St Park | Webb Street, North Orange | | Local | 2041 | | | |
| 37 | 7 Wentworth Mine Site | Lucknow Village | Local | Local | 2030 | Renewal | \$ | 100,00 |
| 38 | 3 Wiare Reserve | Calare | Local | Local | 2032 | Renewal | \$ | 100,00 |
| | William Maker Playground | Orange | | Local | 2038 | | | , |
| N01 | Anzac Park Playspace | East Orange | | District | 2024 | New | \$ | 170,00 |
| N02 | Coogal Park | West Orange | | Local | 2029 | | \$ | 50,00 |
| N03 | Ridley Oval Park | Glenroi | | Local | 2025 | | \$ | 100,00 |
| N04 | Edye Park | Glenroi | | Local | 2023 | | \$ | 80,00 |
| N05 | Frost Park | East Orange | | Local | 2027 | | \$ | 70,00 |
| | | | | | | | | |
| N06 | Mulhall Place Park | East Orange | | Local | 2026 | | \$ | 80,00 |
| N07 | Leeds Parade Subdivision | Leeds Parade Subdivision | | Local | 2026 | | \$ | 100,00 |
| N08 | Waratah Sportsgound | North Orange | | District | 2028 | | \$ | 250,00 |
| N09 | Stevenson Way Park | North Orange | | Local | 2030 | | \$ | 60,00 |
| N10 | Ammerdown Park | Ammerdown | | Local | 2027 | | \$ | 60,00 |
| N11 | Haywood Drive Park | Northwest Orange | | Local | 2027 | | \$ | 80,00 |
| | Botanic Way Park | North Orange | | Local | 2028 | New | \$ | 80,00 |
| N12 | Olympia Driva Dark | Orange | | Local | 2027 | New | \$ | 80,00 |
| | Olympic Drive Park | | | Land | 2025 | New | \$ | 80,00 |
| N12 | Teamsters Walk Park | Orange | | Local | 2023 | | _ | |
| N12 N13 | | Orange Orange | | Local | 2029 | | \$ | 100,00 |
| N12 N13 N14 | Teamsters Walk Park | | | | | New | | 100,00 100,00 |
| N12 N13 N14 N15 | Teamsters Walk Park Sale Street Apartment Park | Orange | | Local | 2029 | New New | \$ | |

| | | | | | | | 1 | 43 | 3 | | | | ay: sta | | | | | | | ork | s | P | ro | g | ra | m | m | e | · - | Ρ | a | у \ | /al | u | es | : 1 | ю | r | N | lev | | |
|------------------------------------|---------------------|------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------|--|---------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------|-------------------|-------------|------------------|---|----------------|--|----------------|----------------------|--------------|------------------------------|-----------------|---------------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------|--|--------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------|---------------------|----------------------|--|-------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|--|---|--|--------------|
| 39 William Maker Playground Orange | 38 Wiare Reserve | 37 Wentworth Mine Site | 36 Webb St Park | 35 Sullivan Reserve | 34 Stirling Park | 33 Somerset Park | 32 Sir Neville Howse Park | 31 Sir Jack Brabham Park | 30 Riawena Oval | 29 Ratcliffe Park | 20 myBround | Orange Adventure | 27 Newman Park | 26 Nelson Park | 25 Mulga Bills/Sieben Park | 24 Memory Park | 23 Matthews Park | 22 Equipment | 21 Leonie Healy Park | 20 Larance Park | 19 Area 2 | Lake Canobolas Reserve | Lake Canobolas Reserve 18 Area 1 | 17 Lady Cutler Playground | 16 Kerr Place | 15 Keith Thomas Park | T-4 SOUL COLLEGE ONG COLL GIV | 14 John Jomas Skate Park | 12 Gosling Creek Reserve | 11 Glenroi Oval | 10 Esso Park | 9 Elonera Playground | 8 Elephant Park | 7 Cook Park | 6 Clifton Grove Mud Hut | o prooktailus rtaygiouliu | 5 Brooklands Diaground | 3 Anzac Park Skatepark | 2 Alua Playground | 1 Alf Reed Park | No. Play Space Name | |
| d Orange | Calare | Lucknow Village | Webb Street, North Orange | Sullivan Circuit, East Orange | Stirling Avenue, West Orange | Orange | Forest Road, South Orange | Orange | Calare | Bletchington | | | Bowen | Orange | Belair | Orange | Anson Street, Orange | Bowen | Glenroi | Orange | TowacValley | | TowacValley | Jonathan Drive, West Orange | Rosewood | Bletchington | Ciaigo | Orange | South Orange | Glenroi | Orange | Orange | Orange | Orange | Clifton Grove | Claige | Orange | Anzac Park, East Orange | Westlea | Spring Hill Village | Address | |
| | Re-use/role play | Mining | | | | Nature | | | Role Play | Swing | Slide and | | Hangout | | Nature | Active | | | Climbing | | andlearn | Swing, slide | | | Swing and rock together | Nature | | | swing | Climband | Old style park | Swings | Circus | | swing | Climband | | | Quiet Play | Acitve | Play Theme Access | |
| | 0 | 0 | | | | 0 Balance beams, bridge, climbing rock | | | 0 | 0 Slide, swing | | | 1 Cubby house, youth hangout net and climbing Seats | | 0 Slide mound, tunnel, boulders, rockers | 0 Swings | | 7 | 0 Lookout Tower, slide, nets | | 1 Activity boards, swing, slide | | | | 0 Double swing, see saw, spinners | 1 materials | Mornd slide stenners boulders building | | 1 | | Swing, toddler play | 0 Swings, rocker | Slide, swings, climbing, role play, language 1 boards, spin balls | | 0 | | | | Swing, Boulders, Handballwalland court | Gyro, Twista Climbing, Cyclone Swing, 1 Balance boards x 2 | ss Play Equipment | |
| | | | | | | Seats | | | Seats | Seats | | | ng Seats | | Seats | Seats | | | Seats | | paths | Seats, | | | Seat | paths | Seating | | | | Seating | Seating, shade | | | | | | | Seating | Seating, shade | Toddle Amenity (0-3 Provision Other Years) | |
| | ь | 1 | 0 | 0 | - | ↦ | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | | _ | 0 | c | . 1 | - | 1 | 0 | 0 | ь | 0 | | 0 | 1 | ь | 12 | c | 0 | 2 | c | ь | ı | 1 | 1 | 0 | ۰ | ۰, | , c | 0 | ₽ | dler Junic (3-6 rs) Year | |
| <u> </u> | н | 1 | - | 12 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | ı | 1 | ١ | _ | ↦ | - | | - | 1 | 1 | 0 | ь | 1 | | 1 | ı | ь | 1 | ٠ | - F | - 1 | - | 1 | ↦ | ь | 1 | 1 | ۰ | <u>_</u> | ۰ ح | ь н | ь | <u>s</u> | Older |
| 0 | ь | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | ы | ١ | _ | Þ | ۲ | . р | 1 | 0 | ↦ | 1 | 1 | 1 | | 1 | 1 | ь | 12 | ١ | <u>.</u> | - 1 | | 1 | ı | 1 | 1 | ı | ۰ | | | ь | 1 | | Youth (12 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | d | 0 | ₽ | c | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | | 1 | ↦ | 0 | 0 | ٠ | ٠ - | - 4 | 1 | ь | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | c | | - H | ь | 0 | and Creative | |
| 12 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | , | _ | 0 | c | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 11 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | O | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | ۰ | _ | ح د | 0 | 0 | /e Active Play | Y P |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | | 1 | 1 0 | 1 1 | 1 | <u> </u> | | | 1 | 1 | 1 1 | 1 | 1 1 | 1 0 | 1 1 | | 1 1 | | 1 1 | 1 1 | | 1 1 | | | 4 | 1 | | | 1 | 1 | | ۰ | ے د | > H | ь | 1 | Social Play | |
| | 0 | 1 | | | | 1 | | 1 | | 1 | | _ | 0 | | | ľ | 1 | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | 1 | 1 | - | | | ı | 1 | Commun l icative Play | |
| 0 | 0 | | | | | 0 0 | | | | 0 0 | | _ | 0 0 | | 0 0 | | | 0 0 | | 0 1 | 0 0 | | 0 1 | 1 0 | | 0 0 | | | 0 | | 0 | | 0 | | 0 0 | - | | | | 1 0 | n Existi Shad Access2 Provi | |

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|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|--|---|------------------------------|--|----------------------------------|--|------------------------------|------------------------------|--|
| N18 P | N17 P | N16 C | N15 P | N14 T | N13 C | N12 B | ı | N10 A | N09 S | | N07 L | N06 | N05 | | NO3 | N02 C | N01 A | No. |
| Shiralee Town Centre Park | Carwoola Drive Playspace | Cutcliffe Park | Sale Street Apartment Park | Teamsters Walk Park | Olympic Drive Park | Botanic Way Park | Haywood Drive Park | Ammerdown Park | Stevenson Way Park | Waratah Sportsgound | eeds Parade Subdivision. | Mulhall Place Park | FrostPark | Edye Park | Ridley Oval Park | CoogalPark | Anzac Park Playspace | Play Space Name |
| South Orange | West Orange | West Orange | Orange | Orange | Orange | North Orange | Northwest Orange | Ammerdown | North Orange | North Orange | Leeds Parade Subdivision Leeds Parade Subdivision | East Orange | East Orange | Glenroi | Glenroi | West Orange | East Orange | Address |
| Nature | Bats | Flowers | Trees | Teamsters | Classic Play | Hanging out | Birds | Climbing | Nature | Boating | Climbing/ Nature | Swing and slide | Nature | Active Teen | Role Play | Hangout | Mounds | PlayTheme Ac |
| 1 Nest swing, boulders, climbing net | 0 Nestswing, climbing rocks | 0 Swings, rocker | 1 Carousel, Swing, activity panels | Activity Panels, Rockers, Nest Swing | 0 Swings, rocker | Concrete blocks and rails | 0 See saw, rockers, carousel | Climbing net, boulders | 0 Boulders, trails | 1 Play boar rockers, spinners, activity boards | 1 Climbing net, boulders toddler | 0 Swing, slide, toddler | 0 Slide mound, tunnel, boulders, rockers | 0 Slide, Handball Wall and Court | Activity Panels, Rockers, Nest Swing | 0 Nestswing, climbing rocks | 1 Tunnells, Climbing, Slides | Access Play Equipment |
| Seats, tree planting | Seats, tree planting | Seats, tree planting | Seats, tree planting | Seats, tree planting | Seats, tree | Seats, tree planting | Seats | Seats, tree planting | | | Tree Planting, seating | Tree Planting, seating | Tree Planting, seating | Seating | Seating, shade | Tree Planting, seating | Seats and paths | Amenity Provision Other |
| | | | | | • | | | | | | Develop er? | | | | Exercise equipme nt with grant | | | Other |
| н | 0 | | ı | 12 | 12 | o | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | Þ | Þ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | Older Toddler Junior Childr (0-3 (3-6 (6-12 Years) Years) |
| 1 | 12 | Þ | ı | p. | ь | 0 | 1 | p. | 1 | ш | 1 | L) | ı. | 0 | 0 | 1 | ı | Older or Children (6-12 s) Years) |
| p. | r - | ь | r- | p. | H | ь | 0 | ₽ | 1 | 1 2 | 1 | p. | 0 | 1 | Þ | p. | ı | Youth (12 en years and older) |
| p. | Þ | ь | 0 | 0 | 0 | ь | 0 | 0 | 0 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | p. | 0 | ı | h Cognitiv s and Creative r) Play |
| p. | 0 | <u>1</u> | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | p. | 1 | ı | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | tive |
| 12 | 1 | ı. | 0 | 0 | 0 | ₽ | 1 | 14 | 0 | ь | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | ₽ | 1 | ı | tive So |
| <u> </u> | r. | Þ | H | H | ь | д | 1 | H | 1 | p. | ı. | 0 | Þ | 1 | ı. | ı | ı | : Commun Active Social icative Play Play Play |
| ь | ı | ь | ı | ц | 0 | ь | 0 | 0 | 1 | 12 | ш | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | nmun ive Acı |
| ш | 0 | 1 | Ľ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 14 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 11 | 0 | ı | Existing Shade Access2 Provisio |
| 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | ь | 1 | 0.5 | Existing Shade Provision |



